

THE SPALDING TRADE MARK.



Experience has shown that in Base Ball and Athletic Goods, as in all other lines of business, unprincipled persons are always eager to prey on the reputation gained by honest dealing and good business management. We regret to state that we have not escaped the attention of such parties, who have appropriated our original designs, styles and names, and by using similar illustrations and descriptions, deceive the public into believing that the articles were

manufactured by us, and that we are responsible for their inferior quality. A wide acquaintance with sportsmen and an extended experience with the various sports, has enabled us to anticipate the wants of our patrons in securing outfits, and to offer only such articles as were perfectly satisfactory for our own use, knowing by practical tests that they would serve the purpose properly, and be unfailing to the purpose.

In order to protect our customers, and to preserve our reputation, we have found it necessary to place our "Trade Mark" on the higher grades of goods that we manufacture and introduce. The care and discrimination exercised in selecting only articles of the highest quality as being worthy of bearing our Trade Mark, has resulted in giving to them a reputation as being practically the best of their kind that could be produced.

In our opinion a satisfied customer is the best advertisement that we can have, and dealers and individuals will please bear in mind that on whatever article our TRADE MARK appears, we guarantee it to be exactly as represented, and wherever just cause for complaint exists, we will thank the purchaser for returning the article to us and receiving a perfect one in return, or the refunding of the purchase money.

Our line of Base Balls is now so well known to the trade, and they are so thoroughly appreciated by the base ball players of the country, that it seems almost unecessary to call special attention to their superior merits. Spalding's League Ball, having stood the severe test of the National League for the last ten years, are having again been adopted as the official ball of that leading organization for t88-as well as the other prominent professional College and Amateur Associations, gives it a reputation and sale unequalled by any other ball on the market Beware of CHEAP IMITATIONS; NO League Ball is genuine without our TradaMark on each box and ball, and the autograph of

A.S. Spalding

on each label.

We hope that ball players will not be misled by the remarks of interested dealers handling inferior goods, that the articles they offer "are just as good as Spalding's" and at a cheaper price. We accept their frequent references to our good highest compliment that can be paid us, and only ask that purchasers with matheir own comparisons, and be convinced that our goods are really the cheapes as they certainly are the best. Special trade prices are quoted to dealers on application.

CHICAGO. A. G. SPALDING & BROS. NEW YORK.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

"Spalding's Base Ball Guide" again greets the base ball public with the official records of America's national game. First issued in 1877, it has grown in popularity, has been enlarged and improved from year to year, and is now the recognized authority upon base ball matters. The statistics contained in the "Guide" can be relied upon, nearly all of them having been compiled from official records.

The "Guide" has attained such a size—180 pages—as to preclude the possibility of publishing in the same issue the League Constitution in full, and other interesting League matter. We are therefore compelled, in addition, to publish the "Official League Rook," which contains only official League matter as furnished by Secretary Young, including the League Constitution in full.

Copies of the "Guide" or "League Book," will be mailed to any address upon receipt of twelve cents each. Trade orders supplied through the News Companies, or direct from the publishers.

CHICAGO. A. G. SPALDING & BROS, NEW YORK

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1889.

By the authority vested in me, I do hereby certify that Messrs. A. G. Spalding & Bros., of Chicago and New York, have been granted the *exclusive* right to publish the Official League Book for 1889.

N. E. YOUNG,

Secretary National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs.

DEPOTS OF SUPPLIES

----FOR THE BALE OF----

A.G. SPALDING AND BROS.

...ATHLETIC COODS...

POR the convenience of our patrons, and for the purpose of bringing our complete line of Athletic Goods more prominently before Base Ball Players, we have arranged with the following houses to carry at all times a complete line of all our Athletic Goods. Their prices will be the same as ours. Orders for goods may be sent to

WESTERN DEPOTS.

A. G. Spalding & Bros 108 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
E. C. MEACHAM ARMS Co 515 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
J. R. HAWLEY164 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio
Burrows Bros. Co23 to 27 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
I. B. FIELD & Co
V. KINDLER 418 Genessee Ave. East Saginaw, Mich.
E. G. STUDLEY & Co 4 Monroe St., Grand Rapids, Mich.
CHAS. MAYER & Co29 Washington St., Indianapolis, Ind.
A. G. Pratt & Co 502 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
WEST BOOK & STATIONERY CO., 379& 381 Broadway, Milwaukee, Wis.
G. B. Grosvenor 744 Main St., Dubuque, Iowa
J. W. RECCIUS & Bro304 Market St., Louisville, Ky.
S. G. Morton & Co 426 Nicollet Ave. Minneapolis, Minn.
Journal Publishing Co
Collins Gun Co
M. F. KENNEDY & BROS 66 East 3d St., St, Paul, Minn
GEO. F HIGGINS & Co
E. E. MENGES Sporting Goods Co., 924 Main St Kansas City. Mo.
WM. BECK & SON
REDHEAD, NORTON, LATHROP & Co Des Moines, Iowa
Tufts-Lyon Arms CoLos Angeles, Cal.

EASTERN DEPOTS.

SCRANTOM, WETMORE & CO 10 State St., Rochester, N.Y. R. Wood's Sons
SOUTHERN DEPOTS.
F. F. HANSELL & BRO28 and 30 Camp St., New Orleans, La. A. J. ANDERSON
FOREIGN DEPOTS.
McLean Bros & Rigg, Limited
LOCAL AGENCIES.
WESTERN.
A. G. Case. Aurora, III. C. E. Dalton. Bloomington, III. A. P. Cunningham Champaign, III. C. H. Caryl. Kalamazoo, Mich. Spencer Bros. Marquette, Mich. John T. Buker. Rockford, III. Baker & Watson Terre Haute, Ind. Gregory & Co. Winona, Minn. J. A. Elliott Danville, III.
EASTERN.
N. A. Frost. Hanover, N. H. G. W. Blodgett & Co. Amherst, Mass. Talbot Bros. Pittsfield, Mass. J. W. Brine. New Haven, Ct. C. S. West. Flushing, L. I. J. W. Brine. Cambridge, Mass. A. H. Pomeroy. Hartford, Ct. Hirst & Leach Princeton, N. J. A. W. Scott. Stamford, Ct. Brennan & Davis Bradford, Pa. F. A. Clapp & Co. Worcester, Mass. Geo. Dart. Tuxedo, N. Y.



WILLIAM A. HULBERT.

The late Mr. William A. Hulbert may be justly considered as the Father of the National League, for he it was who in 1875 was mainly instrumental in bringing about the secession from the old National Professional Association in 1875, which resulted in the establishment of the National League in 1876. To Mr. Hulbert is due the credit of rescuing professional ball playing from the buses which prevailed in the ranks at the time he first became connected with the Chicago Club. Especially to his persistent course in refusing to consent to the reinstatement of any player expelled from a professional club for crooked play, is the present honesty of the game due. Mr. Hulbert was the second President of the National League, Mr. M. G. Bulkely, the present Governor of Connecticut, being the League's first President. Mr. Hulbert died in April, 1882, from heart disease. He was essentially a reformer, and in his business and social relations sincerity and candor were marked characteristics. The National League adopted this resolution at his death: "Resolved, That to him alone is due the credit of having founded the National League, and to his able leadership, sound judgment and impartial management is the success of the League chiefly due."

SPALDING'S BASE BALL GUIDE

AND

Official League Book for 1889.

A COMPLETE HAND BOOK OF THE NATIONAL GAME OF BASE BALL,

CONTAINING

STATISTICAL REVIEWS OF THE VARIOUS PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION CHAMPIONSHIP SEASONS, AS ALSO THE RECORDS AND AVERAGES OF THE INTER-COLLEGIATE ASSOCIATIONS. EAST & WEST.

--- ADDED TO WHICH IS THE ----

COMPLETE OFFICIAL LEAGUE RECORD FOR 1888.

ALSO

A Brief Record of the Base Ball Tours to England in 1874, and to Australia in 1888.

TOGETHER WITH

THE NEW CODE OF PLAYING RULES, AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Attached to which is an Official Explanatory Appendix, giving a Correct Interpretation of the New Rules, also the Official Record of all League Games and Players, and the Official Schedule of League Games for 1889, Pitchers' Records in Victories for 1888.

Base Running and Throwing Records of 1888, with the Leading Noteworthy Events. Records of the Veteran Batsmen of the League from 1876 to 1888,

Handsomely Illustrated with Portraits and Pictures of Club Grounds, Etc.

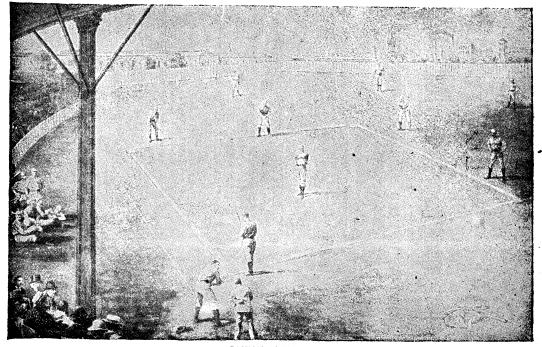
PUBLISHED BY

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

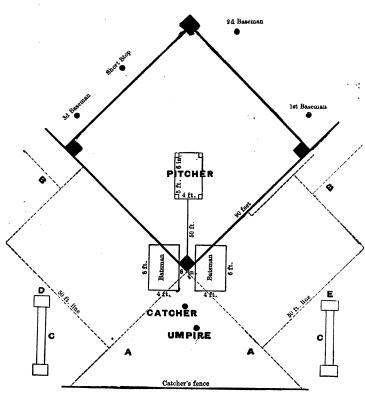
CHICAGO AND NEW YORK,

MISHINGTON

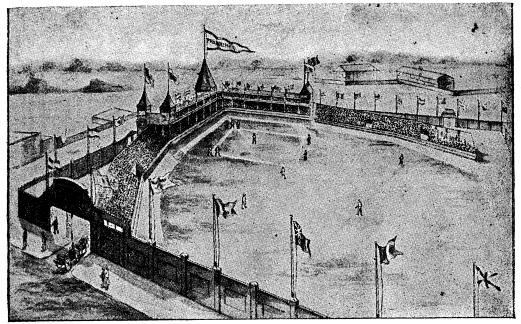
Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1889, by A. G. Spalding & Bros., in the Office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington.



BOSTON GROUNDS,



A. A. A.—Ground reserved for Umpire, Batsman and Catcher. B. B.—Ground reserved for Captain and Assistant. C.—Players' Bench. D.—Visiting Players' Bat Rack. E.—Home Players' Bat Rack.



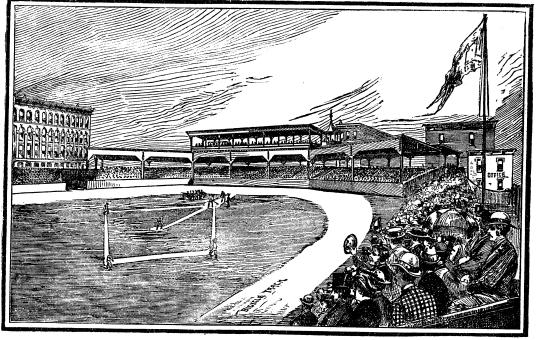
PHILADELPHIA GROUNDS.

PREFACE.

The publishers of "Spalding's Base Ball Guide" present to the fraternity in the GUIDE for 1889, the model baseball annual of the period; the thirteenth annual edition of the work being in every respect the most complete baseball GUIDE ever issued. Exceeding as it does every other book of the kind in size—over two hundred pages of reading matter—as also in its new feature of pictorial illustrations, it presents an epitome of the professional history of the game for 1888, unequaled by any other work of the kind previously published. In fact, the GUIDE for 1889 has been made to conform to the very exceptional year of important events its chapters record—a year which will be remembered for a long time to come as fruitful of the most noteworthy occurrences known in the annals of our national game.

The prominent features of the GUIDE for 1889 are the complete record of the pitching in the League and American championship contests; the instructive chapters on "the lessons of the campaign," then on "team work;" the analyses of the play in the world's championship series of contests; the new tables showing the figures of the campaigns of the past eighteen years, and especially the explanatory appendix or chapter of official instructions to umpires and captains.

The great size of the Guide precludes the possibility of including the games record of the League campaign, as also other records of League legislation, etc., and these will be found in the "Official League Book," which contains only official League matter as furnished by Secretary Young, including the League Constitution in full.



CHICAGO GROUNDS.

1

INTRODUCTION.

The Américan national game of base ball has reached a period in its history, when it no longer needs to be referred to as a field exercise, calling for particular mention of its peculiar merits. is now the established favorite game of ball of the American people, and occupies a position in public estimation which no other field sport in vogue approaches. The game has attained its present position of popularity, not only from its adaptability to our peculiar national characteristics, as regards its possession of special points of attraction; but also from its value as a field sport which presents sufficient excitement in itself to draw thousands of spectators, without the extrinsic aid of betting as its chief point of interest, the latter attraction being something which pertains to nearly every other popular sport. Then, too, it should be borne in mind that base ball first taught us Americans the value of physical exercise as an important aid to perfect work in cultivating the mind up to its highest point. It is to the introduction of base ball as a national pastime, in fact, that the growth of athletic sports in general in popularity is largely due; and the game pointed out to the mercantile community of our large cities that "all work and no play" is the most costly policy they can pursue, both in regard to the advantages to their own health, and in the improvement in the work of their employes, the combination of work and play judiciously, yielding results in better work and more satisfactory service than was possible under the old rule. Thus, the game has acted like a lever in lifting into public favor all athletic sports.

A great deal is said about the special attraction of this and that leading sport of the day. The turfman thinks there is nothing approaching the excitement of a horse race, which from the start to the finish occupies but a few minutes of time. The rower regards a three mile "shell" race as the very acme of sporting pleasures; while the yachtsman looks upon all other contests as of trifling importance compared with that ending in the winning of his club regatta cup; and so on through the whole category of sports of the field, the forest and the river. But if any one can present to us a sport or pastime, a race or a contest, which can in all its essentials of stirring excitement, displays of manly courage, nerve and endurance, and its unwearying scenes of skillful play and alternations of success equal our national game of ball, we should like to see it.

What can present a more attractive picture to the lover of out door sports than the scene presented at a base ball match between two trained professional teams competing for championship honors, in which every point of play is so well looked after in the field. that it is only by some extra display of skill at the bat, that a single run is obtained in a full nine innings game? If it is considered, too, that base ball is a healthy, recreative exercise, suitable for all classes of our people, there can be no surprise that such a game should reach the unprecedented popularity it has.

THE PROFESSIONAL SEASON OF 1888.

The season of 1888, in the professional arena, was marked by several events which placed it on record as the most noteworthy, known in the thirteen years' history of the National League. the first place it was the inaugural year of the grand movement made by the President of the Chicago Club, to extend the popularity of our national game beyond the American continent; an event which exhibited the characteristic energy, pluck, liberality and business enterprise of Mr. Spalding, in a very marked manner; the grand success which the venture met with being a well merited reward for the large financial outlay which he incurred in the Secondly, the struggle for the championship of the experiment, League, resulting as it did in the success of the New York club, gave to the East a lead in the pennant races which they had not held since 1884, when the Providence club won the championship, Chicago having held the honors in 1885 and 1886, and Detroit in 1887. The past season, too, excelled all previous years in the vast assemblages of spectators who were gathered at the grounds of the prominent clubs on holiday occasions; as also in the immense aggregate of people who patronized the professional contests of the year. It was also an exceptional year in regard to the close and exciting contest for the League pennant, between the four leading clubs of that organization; and at the end of the championship season the sequel of the contest for the base ball championship of the world finished off the campaign of 1888, in a manner that greatly added to the honors won by the victorious League club from New York. The contest for the American Association championship was also one of the interesting events of the season, and one, too, which taught aspiring clubs a lesson which they can well profit by; and that is, that success in championship contests is due far more to able management, competent captaining, and thorough team work, than to the gathering together of the strongest of star players in a club team. In the League, in this respect, while the Boston club had invested, at great financial cost, in securing the services of noted star players, the Chicago club, though weakened by the release of players from their team who had done yoeman service in their ranks for years, were yet able to excel the picked team of star players of the Boston club, simply by superiority in handling those they had left to them. In the Association arena, too, a similar condition of things prevailed in the case of the St. Louis and Brooklyn clubs, the costly investment of the Brooklyn club for new players, only enabling them to reach second place in the pennant race, while the "weakened"(?) St. Louis team, by better concerted work together, were enabled to break the record by capturing the Association pennant for the fourth successive season, something only equaled by the Boston club under the reign of the old National Association in 1872, '73,

'74, and '75.

An event of the season of 1888, also, was the widening the sphere of professional club operations in the United States, by the inauguration of the Texas League, which, though not as successful as desired in its first year, nevertheless opened up a new and large territory for the occupation of the professional clubs. Closing too, as the year did with a commendable movement on the part of the League legislators to regulate the salary system so as to get rid of several costly abuses; it may be justly said that in no year since professional ball playing was officially recognized, was there so much done to promote the welfare of the national game as during the season of 1888.

The summary record of the season's work of the several professional Leagues and Association prominent during the season of

1888, is as follows:

Leagues.	Champion Club.	Games Played.	Per Cent. of Victories.	Began the by Season.	Ended find rate season.
National League American Association, International Association Western Association Central League Southern League New England League California League Tri-State League Tri-State League	New York	540 433 458 4.6 101 209 268 146	.641 .681 .718 .648 .783 .620 .566 .615	8 8 8 8 4 7 4 6	8 8 7 7 2 4 4 4 10

THE LEAGUE'S PENNANT RACE OF 1888.

The championship campaign of the League for 1888 began on April 20, with the customary home games between the eight clubs, each in its respective section, the New York team opening the season at Washington, and the Bostons at Philadelphia; while in the West Detroit opened at Pittsburg, and the Chicagos at Indianapolis, the winning clubs being New York, Boston, Pittaburg and Chicago. By the end of the first week of the campaign Boston was in the van without a defeat being charged to them, while every other club had suffered at least one defeat, Boston leading in the race, followed by Chicago, New York, Pittsburg, Detroit, Ladianapolis, Washington and Philadelphia the latter suffering

from the great drawback of the death of their best player Ferguson, a loss which handicapped them all through the season. By the end of the first week in May the contest had assumed quite an interesting phase in one respect, and that was the remarkable success of the Boston team, which, up to May 2 had won every championship game they had played, the record on May 4 leaving them in the van. By May 5, however, Chicago pulled up even with them, the two teams standing with a record of 11 victories and 2 defeats each, and a percentage of .862 at the close of the third week of the spring campaign. In the meantime Philadelphia had rallied and had pulled up to seventh place, and Detroit had overhauled Pittsburg, Indianapolis falling into the last ditch. By the end of May quite a change had been made in the relative position of the eight clubs, Chicago having gone to the front and Boston to second position, while Detroit had moved up to third place, and New York had fallen back to fourth; while Philadelphia had worked up well and had got into fifth position, Pittsburg having made a bad tumble to sixth place, leaving Indianapolis and Washington to bring up the rear.

The month of June saw more changes in the positions of all of the eight clubs except Chicago and Philadelphia, the former having tenaciously held on to first place since the last week in April; while Philadelphia steadily remained a good fifth. Boston, however, fell off badly in the running, the second week in June seeing, them down to fourth place; while by June 9 Detroit had got into second place, and was running Chicago a close race. During the last of May New York had got down to fourth position; but in the first week of June they had rallied and resumed third place; but the next week saw them fall back again, while Boston rallied back to third position. By the end of June the eight clubs occupied the following relative positions in the race. Chicago held the lead, with Detroit second, Boston third, New York fourth, Philadelphia fifth, Pittsburg sixth, with Indianapolis

and Washington as the two tail enders.

July proved to be the most important month of the season's race, as it was in this month that the New York team was effectually rallied under the personal influence of Mr. John B. Day, who from that time out took personal cognizance of the doings of the "Giants." The first week in July saw the New York team drive Boston out of third place, while Pittsburg, for the time being, was forced to occupy seventh position, Indianapolis leading them for week in July. During the last week in July, Chicago—which club had held the lead consecutively from May 5 to July 23—took a bad tumble, and fell back to third position, while New York and Detroit stood tied for a few days for first place, until Chicago rallied, and then the Detroits were driven back; the end of July leaving New York in the van, with Detroit second, Chicago

third, Boston and Philadelphia close together in fourth and fifth positions, while Pittsburg, Indianapolis, and Washington occupied the rear positions. It was now that the race began to be intensely interesting. The steady play of the New York team gave a new feature to the contest, and it now began to be a nip and tuck fight between the "Giants" and the Chicagos for first place, with Detroit close to them as a good third. August saw the steadiest running of the season in the race, but few changes being made in the relative positions of the contestants, the last week of the month seeing New York in the van, Chicago second, Detroit third, Boston fourth, Philadelphia fifth, and Pittsburg,

Washington and Indianapolis in the rear.

The promise for an exciting close of the campaign loomed up very bright in September, and during that month, while New York and Chicago still retained their leading positions, Boston temporarily rallied, and got into third place for a week; but Detroit pushed them back, while Philadelphia began to rally for a closing dash for one of the three leading positions. At the close of September the record left New York in the van, with the assurance of a successful termination of the campaign for the "Giants," while the struggle for second place between Chicago, Boston, Detroit and Philadelphia greatly added to the excitement of the closing month of the campaign. Chicago held on to second place, and Philadelphia, which club on September 29 stood in fifth place rallied brilliantly in October, and drove Boston to fourth place and Detroit to fifth, Boston having occupied fifth place on the 6th of October, Pittsburg, Indianapolis and Washington finally bringing up the rear.

A feature of the campaign was the fact that at no time after May was it doubtful in regard to the position of Pittsburgh, Indianapolis and Washington as the three tail-enders of the race. But for this the campaign would have been the most brilliant on record. As it was, however, the contest for the three leading positions by the other five clubs made it exceedingly interesting throughout, New York's final success giving a new impetus to the

succeeding campaign of 1889.

THE STATISTICS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

During the League championship season of 1888 an aggregate of 552 games were played, of which 530 were victories and defeats; and 22 were drawn games, and two were won by forfeit. Of the 552 games played and won, no less than 432 were won by single figure scores, and but 98 by double figures. A noteworthy feature of the campaign was, that while the New York Club won the championship by 84 victories to Chicago's 77, with but 47 defeats to Chicago's 58, they failed to score as many runs in the aggregate as the Chicago Club did. by 659 to 725, the Chicago's major-

ity of runs being 66. The New York Club's score of runs, in fact, was exceeded by Detroit, Boston, and even Indianapolis, the latter's aggregate of runs being 666.

Below will be found a complete summary of the statistics of the

League campaign of 1888:

Victories S4 77 69 70 68 66 50 48	And the second of the second o								
Defeats			Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston,	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.
Defeats	Victories	10		60	-	100	100	1	-
Drawn Games	Defeats		14					50	48
Total Games Played	Drawn Games								
Von by Forfeit	Total Games Played	1.26		1 -			4		
Lost by Forfeit	Won by Forfeit						130		
Series Won	Lost by Forfeit	1 -		1 -				1 -	
Series Won	Per Cent. of Victories						_		
Series Lost.	Series Won								
Series Tied.	Series Lost								
Series Unfinished	Series Tied	-	1 -		1 -				5
Chicago Victories 19 13 16 7 10 13 6 6 Chicago Defeats 3 9 7 10 13 5 0 6 Home Victories 44 43 37 34 41 38 31 20 Home Defeats 23 26 31 29 26 30 35 38 Victories Abroad 40 34 32 36 27 28 19 22 Extra Innings Victories 2 1 8 6 3 0 3 0 8 6 3 0 3 0 8 6 3 0 3 0 8 6 0 3 0 8 6 3 0 3 0 8 6 3 0 3 0 8 6 0 5 4 8 19 13 4 1 2 1 <td< td=""><td>Series Unfinished</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>0</td></td<>	Series Unfinished		_				-		0
Chicago Defeats 3 9 7 13 5 10 11 23 Home Victories 44 43 37 34 41 37 32 Home Defeats 23 26 31 29 26 30 35 38 Victories Abroad 40 34 32 36 27 28 19 22 Defeats Abroad 24 32 30 34 37 39 50 48 Extra Innings Victories 2 1 8 6 3 6 3 0 Extra Innings Defeats 2 1 3 8 6 0 5 4 Single Figure Victories 70 55 62 58 50 57 37 44 Single Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 53 67 65 Double Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 53 67 65 Double Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 50 67 65 Double Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 50 70 67 Double Figure Defeats 4 12 6 15 12 10 18 21 Double Score in Games 19 21 7 20 81 14 15 22 Worst Defeat 10 10 12 12 Worst Defeat 21 18 28 16 10 10 12 12 Lost by One Run 22 18 8 16 10 10 12 12 Lost by One Run 12 7 16 21 10 16 28 17	Chicago Victories							3	5
Home Victories	Unicago Defeats								
Home Defeats	Home Victories								25
Victories Abroad 40 34 32 36 27 28 19 22 Defeats Abroad 24 33 33 34 37 39 50 48 Extra Innings Victories 2 1 8 6 3 6 3 0 Bxtra Innings Defeats 2 1 3 8 6 0 5 4 Single Figure Victories 70 55 62 58 50 57 37 44 Double Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 58 67 65 62 58 50 57 37 44 Double Figure Defeats 44 45 55 49 51 58 67 65 62 80 51 58 67 65 62 58 50 57 37 44 32 23 612 18 90 13 4 13 22	Home Defeats								
Defeats Abroad	Victories Abroad		1 -						
Extra Innings Victories 2 1 8 6 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 4 4 13 8 6 0 5 4 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 8 6 0 5 4 4 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Defeats Abroad								
Extra Innings Defeats. 2 1 3 8 6 0 5 4 Single Figure Uctories 70 55 62 58 50 57 37 44 Single Figure Defeats. 44 45 55 49 51 58 67 65 50 50 58 50 57 37 44 Double Figure Defeats 13 22 6 12 18 9 13 4 Double Figure Defeats 4 12 6 15 12 10 18 21 18 9 13 4 4 12 6 15 12 10 18 21 18 9 13 4 4 12 6 15 12 10 18 21 18 28 10 243 223 233 227 230 240 247 229 240 247 229 240 90 899 <	Extra Innings Victories								
Single Figure Victories 70 55 62 58 50 57 37 44	Extra Innings Defeats	2	1			6	-		
Single Figure Deteats	Single Figure Victories	70	55	62					
Double Figure Victories	Single Figure Defeats			55			58	67	
Double Figure Defeats	Double Figure Victories	12							
Batting Average. .949 247 229 240 243 223 233 237 75 75 Fielding Average. .918 .906 .919 .904 .916 .914 .904 .899 Highest Score in Games. 19 21 17 20 18 14 15 22 Worst Defeat. -110 - 14 1-14 0-13 2-12 1-16 0-13 0-14 Won by One Run 21 18 28 16 10 10 12 12 Lost by One Run 12 7 16 21 19 16 28 17	Double Figure Defeats	4	12	6	15	12			
Neglect Negl	Datting Average	240	.247	. 229		.243	.223	.233	.207
Highest Score in Games. 19 21 17 20 18 14 15 22 Worst Defeat -11 0-14 1-14 0-13 2-12 1-6 0-13 0-12 10-13 0-12 1-16 0-13 0-12 12 12 Lost by One Run 12 7 16 21 19 16 28 17	rielding Average	.918	.906	.919					
Worst Dereat. - 11 0-14 1-14 0-13 2-12 1-16 0-13 0-14 Won by One Run 21 18 28 16 10 10 12 12 Lost by One Run 12 7 16 21 10 16 28 17	nignest Score in Games	to i	21	17	20	18	14	15	22
Lost by One Run 21 18 28 16 10 10 12 12 Lost by One Run 12 7 16 21 19 16 28 17	worst Defeat	4-11	0-14	1-14	0-13	2-12	1-16	0-13	0-14
	Wou by One Run	21	18	28	16	10	10	12	
10004 Kuns Scored									
	Total Runs Scored	.659	.725	. 536	.669	.716	. 531	.666	.482

The following is the record of the single figure victories scored in the League championship arena in 1888:

SINGLE FIGURE VICTORIES.	New York.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Detroit.	Washington.	Indianapolis.	Victories.
New York Philadelphia Boston. Pittsburg	 4 8 7	12 9 6	10 9 	8* 15 9	500 558	7 6 8	13 9 12 8	11 10 9 13	70 62 58 57

SINGLE FIGURE VICTORIES	New York.	Philadelphia.	Boston,	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Detroit.	Indianapolis,	Washington.	Victories.
Chicago Detroit. Washington Indianapolis Defeats.	5 3 5 43	7 9 8 4 55	8 6 5 4 49	6 9 5 5 5 5	9 5 5 45	7 6 6 	6 9 8 65	6 8 	55 50 44 37 433

 $[\]pmb{\ast}$ One victory scored by New York was from a torfeited game charged against the Pittsburg team as 9 to 0.

The following is the record of the double figure victories scored by the eight League clubs in the championship arena in 1888:

Double Figure Victories.	Chicago.	Detroit.	New York.	Indianapolis.	Boston.	Pittsburg.	Philadelphia	Washington.	Victories.
Chicago		3	0 2	4 5	4 2	3	I 2	7 2	22 18
New York	3			3	2	1	2	2	13
Indianapolis	1	2	0		5 1	1	0	4	13
Boston	2	4	0	2		1	0	3	12
Pittsburg	3	2	0	I	1		О	2	9
Philadelphia	1	0	I	3	1	0		1	7
Washington	1	1	I	0	0	0	1		4
Defeats	12	12	4	18	15	10	6	21	89

The following table presents the figures of the series of games won and lost in the League championship arena in 1888. The letters "w" and "L" indicate games won and lost:

	New York.	Ch cago.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Philadelphia	Boston.	Indianapolis	Washin	Series Won.	eries Lo	Series Tied.
371-	W. L	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	15 4	5	1	0
New York		511	11 7	10 7	14 5	12 0	14 5	13 6			ī
Chicago	11 8		1010	9.,11	310	10	14			1	2
Detroit	711	1010		1010	11 7	510	11 9	11 7	3		1
Pittsburg	7 . 10	1 9	1010		614	810	14 0	10 9	12		
Philadelphia.	514	10 8	711	14., 6		10 . 9	13 4	10 9	2	2	0
Roston	S 12	7 12	10 . 8	10 S	0.10		11 9	15 5	2	2	0
Pittsburg Philadelphia. Boston Indianapolis.	F 11	6 14	8 11	614	413	011		12 . 9	1	6	0
Washington.	415	613	711	910	9 10	515	812		0	5	C

THE "CHICAGO" GAMES OF 1888.

The record of the "Chicago" games—or games in which the defeated team did not score a single run—in the League championship series of 1888 is appended:

	New York.	Philadelphia.	Chicago.	Pittsburg.	Detroit.	Boston	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Victories.
New York		1	2	4	3	T	3	6	19
Philadelphia	0		3	6	1	4	ő	2	16
Chicago	1	1		3	I	2	1	4	13
Pittsburg	1	2	1		0	2	4	3	13
Detroit	0	1	2	1		2	Ι.	3	10
Boston	1	0	O	3	0		1	2	7
Indianapolis	0	0	I	0	1	1		3	
Washington	0	2	0	2	0	I	1	••••	6
Defeats	3	7	9	19	5	13	11	23	90

EXTRA INNINGS GAMES.

The record of the victories and defeats scored by the eight League Clubs in extra innings games in the championship series of 1888 was as follows:

Date.	Contesting Clubs.	Cities.	Pitchers.	In's	Scr.
Sept. 1	Philadelphia v. Wash'n	Philadelp'a	SandersWidner	12	2- 0
July 30	" v. Boston.	Boston	BuffintonSanders	11	4-3
July 31	" 7. "	Boston	SandersClarkson	11	6- 5
Sept. 22	" v. In'polis	Indiana'olis	Sanders Healy	II	6- 5
May 26	" v. Boston.	Boston	BuffintonMadden	10	I- 0
Aug. 11			Casey Getzein		I- 0
Aug. 13	" v. In'polis	Philadelp'a	Buffinton Burdick	10	2- 1
Aug. 9		Philadelp'a	Casey Getzein	10	6 5
April 20			Morris Getzein		5 2
Aug. t	" v. Chicago	Chicago	GalvinBaldwin	12	ő- 4
Sept. 21	v. Boston	Pittsburg	MorrisRadbourne	10	2- I
Sept. 3			Morris Healy		5- 4
Sept. 4			GalvinBoyle		5- 4
May 10			Morris Clarkson		11-10
June 28		Boston	SowdersO'Day	14	9-7
Aug. 15			Radbourne Beatin		4-3
April 21			ClarksonO'Day		i- 0
lune 10			Sowders Keefe		8- 7
April 30			Clarkson Welch		4-3
April 28			Sowders Daily		4-3
July 30	Indianapolis v. Detroit.	Detroit.	Burdick Getzein	11	6- 5
July 31		Detroit.	HealyConway	11	7- 5
July 6			Boyle Casey		7- 5 9- 8
lune 8	Detroit v. Boston				
May 12	" v. Philadelphia	Detroit	Conway Gleason	12	3- I
luly 2	" v. Indianapolis	Indian'polis	Conway Healy	12	4-3
July 24		New York.	Welch Madden	13	6-3
July 28	" 7'. Ph'd'nhia	New York	Keefe Sanders	10	4- 2
	Chicago v. Boston	Boston.	Van Halt'n Radb'rne	10	

DRAWN GAMES.

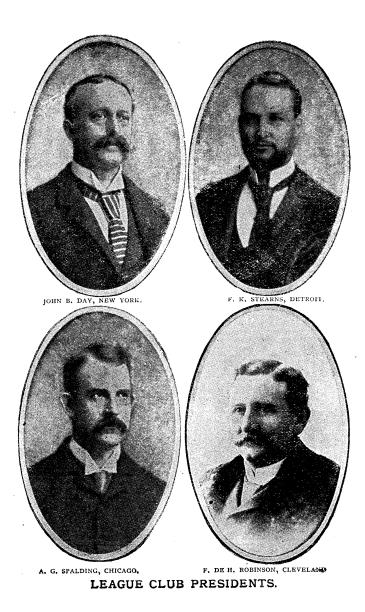
Date.	Contesting Clubs.	Cities.	Pitchers.	Innings	Score.
Aug. 13 Sept. 3 May 15 Aug. 8	New York v. Was'ngt'n Chicago v. New York. Philadelphia v. N. York New York v. Pittsburg Pittsburg v. Roston Detroit v. New York	New York. New York. Pittsburg	Baldwin Welch Sanders Keefe Keefe Galvin	12 11 11	5- 5 0- 0 3- 3

The following is the record of the victories scored by the eight League Clubs on home grounds in the championship arena during 1888:

The party of the state of the s					CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR				
	New York.	Chicago.	Pailadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Games Won,
New York Chicago Philadelphia Boston Detroit Pittsburg Indianapolis Washington	 6 4 3 4 3 1	4 + + 5 6 5 4	8 4 8 2 3 4	573 56 53	6 5 5 6 7 4	6 4 7 6 7 	7 9 6 6 8 	8 8 58 6 6 7	44 43 37 34 41 38 31 26
Games Lost	24	32	30	34	37	39	50	48	294

The record of victories on opponent's grounds is as follows:

,	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Games Won.
New York		4	6	7	5	4	7	7	40
Chicago Philagelphia	5		4	5	5	5	5	5	34
Roston		6		0	2	8	4	5	32
Boston	5	3	8	• • • •	4	4	5	7	36
Detroit	3	5	3	3		3	5	5	27
Pittsburg	4	- 5	4	2	3		6	4	28
ingianapons	2	1	1	4	4	2		1 5	10
Washington	3	2	5	2	3	4	3		22
Games Lost	23	26	31	29	26	30	35	38	238





LEAGUE CLUB PRESIDENTS.

THE LESSONS OF THE LEAGUE CAMPAIGN OF 1888.

Among the noteworthy results of the League championship campaign of 1888 meriting special comment as affording lessons to be profited by in the future, may be named, first, the success of the Eastern Club of New York, in winning the pennant from the West; secondly, that of the Chicago Club in attaining second place in the race in the face of drawbacks which, under any other management, would have sufficed to have left the Club among the tail-enders; and thirdly, the remarkable failure of the Boston Club to attain even one of the three leading positions in the race, after that club had incurred such a heavy expense in strengthening its team with "star" players. The success of the New York Club in winning the championship, introducing, as it did, a new possessor of the League pennant and its accompanying honors, may justly be regarded as an advantage to the general interests of the National League, inasmuch as it is anything but desirable that one club should, season after season, carry off the honors, as the old Boston Club did in the early history of the professional championship contest; or as the Chicago Club has done in monopolizing the championship of the National League during the past thirteen years of its history. Such monopoly of the honors of each season's campaign, by one or two of the leading clubs of each year, materially lessens the public interest taken in the annual competition. Besides which, it interferes, to a costly extent, with the financial prosperity of a majority of the compet-Now that a club, new to championship honors, has replaced one of the monopolists, the other previously unsuccessful clubs will begin to entertain hopes of being able to "get in at the death," as the fox hunters say, in future pennant races, if not this ensuing year, and thereby a new interest will be imparted to coming campaigns.

A feature of the past campaign of 1888 worthy of remark, too, is the fact of the surprisingly good work on the field accomplished by the so-called "weakened Chicago team." While this work was unquestionably due in a great measure to able management, the assisting element of "temperance in the ranks" had much to do with it. It is equally unquestionable that the very reverse had a great deal to do with the lamentable failure of the Boston team to follow up the success with which that club's team opened the campaign. The contras, these two clubs presented in this special respect calls for the most earnest consideration of the vital question of insisting upon temperate habits in all the club teams during the period of the championship season each year. The evil of drunkenness among the professional teams is one which has grown upon the fraternity until it has become too costly an abuse

to be longer tolerated. Drunken professionals should be driven from service just as the crooks of a dozen years ago were, never to be allowed to return. Drunken players are not only a costly drawback to success individually, but they permeate the whole baseball fraternity with a demoralizing influence. The fact is, professional baseball playing has arrived at that point of excellence, and reached so advanced a position in regard to its financial possibilities, that it will no longer pay, in any solitary respect, to allow players of drinking habits in first-class teams. The demands of the game, as it is now played, are such as to require a player to have all his wits about him to play ball up to the standard it has now reached. He needs the steadiest of nerves, the clearest eyesight, the most unclouded judgment, and the healthiest physique to play the game as it is required to be done by the exacting public patrons of the present day. Another thing, the capitalists who have ventured thousands of dollars in baseball stock companies, can no longer allow their money to be risked in teams which are weakened by the presence of men of drinking habits. Mr. Spalding's plucky and most successful experiment has conclusively shown that a baseball team run on temperance principles can successfully compete with teams stronger in other respects, but which are weakened by the toleration of drinking habits in their ranks. Here is a lesson taught by the campaign of 1888 which points a moral, if it does not adorn a tale.

Another special lesson of the past campaign which was practically illustrated by the Boston Club was, that star players do not make a winning team. The fact is, the pennant cannot be won by any costly outlay in securing the services of this, that, or the other "greatest player in the country." It is well managed and harmonious teams, not picked nines led by special stars, which win in the long run. Now and then—as there are exceptions in all cases—a picked nine will attain a certain degree of success. But for steady struggles for permanent success in the professional championship arena, team work of the very best, and admirably managed teams will alone achieve steady victory. The old Boston teams under Harry Wright, and the Chicago teams under Anson, are a standing proof of this fact. Let the National

League magnates ponder these truths earnestly.

THE LEAGUE PITCHING OF 1888.

While there is no more reliable a record, by which to estimate a pitcher's skill in the box, than the figures showing the runs clean earned off the pitching; in the absence of such figures the best criterion is that of the record of victories and defeats pitched in, the percentage of victories to games played being the deciding point in awarding the paim of superior work in the box. In 1888 the pitchers were handicapped by the absurd rule which charged

runs scored on bases on balls as earned runs, successive bases on balls giving an earned run to the batting side, even in the absence of a single base hit. To estimate a pitcher's skill on such a basis is nonsense. As the scoring rules do not admit of the record of data showing runs clean earned off the pitching, and not off the fielding and pitching combined, we are obliged to make up a record of the percentage of victories as the only reliable figures at command on which to judge the pitching of the season. By and by the Committee of Conference will get out of the old rut in this respect, and then correct data will be available; until then we must do the best we can under the circumstances, and consequently the names of the pitchers of the League Clubs who took part in not less than ten games are appended, and these are placed in the order of the best percentage of victories.

	PITCHERS.	CLUB.	Wos.	Lost.	Played.	Percentage.
I	Keefe	New York	35	12	47	745
2	Conwav	Detroit	31	14	45	.680
	Buffinton	Philadelphia	20	15	41	.659
4	Sanders	Philadelphia	19	10	20	.655
Ś	Krock	Chicago	25	14	39	.641
6	Titcomb	New York	14	8	22	.636
7	Clarkson	Boston	33	20	53	.623
8	Tener	Chicago	7	5	12	.583
9	Welch	New York	26	19	45	.577
10	Sowders	Boston	19	15	34	559
ΙI	Morris	Pittsburg	29	21	53	.517
12		Chicago	13	11	24	542
	Staley	Pittsburg	12	12	24	.500
14	Burdick	Indianapolis	10	10	20	.500
15	Galvin	Pittsburg	23	25	48	.479
16	Whitney	Washington	19	21	40	.475
17	Baldwin	Chicago	13	15	28	464
18	Gruber	Detroit	11	13	24	1.158
19	Crane	New York	5	6	11	-455
20	Casey	Philadelphia	14	19	33	.424
21	Beatin	Detroit	18	7	12	.417
22	Getzein	Di troit	18	26	44	.409
23	Boyle	Indianapolis	15	22	37	.405
24	Madden	Boston	7	12	19	. 368
25		Washington	4	7	11	364
26	O'Day,	Washington	16	31	47	-340
. 27	Shreve		11	24	35	.314
28	Radbourne		7	16	23	.304
29	Gleason	Philadelphia	7 1	17	21	.203

Some remarkable pitching was done during the season of 1888, alike in the American arena, as in the League. The strategic work was up to a very high mark in the League, and in this, Keefe, Conway, Buffinton, Clarkson, Welch, Galvin, and Morris

bore off the palm, while in speed alone, Crane of New York ex-

celled.

The detailed record of victories and defeats pitched in during the championship campaign of 1888 by those who pitched in at least five victories, is as follows. The names are given in the order of most victories and fewest defeats:

VICTORIES.

-	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington	Victories.
Keefe. Clarkson. Conway Buffinten Morris Welch Krock Sanders. Sowders Whitney. Getzein O'Day Boyle Titcomb Casey. Van Haltren Baldwin Staley Gruber Shreve. Burdick Tener. Madden Radbourne Gleason. Crane Beatin	55 3 6 5 0 3 3 3 0 1 2 2 1 0 0 3 0 2 2 1 2 0 0 1 0	3 5 4 3 3 1 3 4 2 1 1 2 0 1 0 1	55 55 5 5 2 4 4 3 3 2 2 1 0 0 0 0 2 0	5 5 6 6 3 3 3 2 2 4 1 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 5 6 2 3 1 4 1 2 1 3 2 2 2 1 3 1 1 0 2 0 0 1 1	3 1 5 7 4 3 3 3 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	\$ 566 5 4 4 3 4 4 5 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 5 2 2 1 1 0 0 0	666333344455	35 33 31 29 26 25 19 10 15 14 14 13 11 10 7 7 7 7 5 5

DEFEATS.

	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Defeats.
Tener	1 3	0 2 I 2	2 0 1 0	0 0 2 1 2	0 I 3 I	O- I O 2 I	1 2 1 0 0	I 2 0 I I	5 7 8 10

THE RESIDENCE OF A SECURITY OF		March 1984 - 1987 1984							
	ork.	ç.	Philadelphia.			ırg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	s.
	New York	Chicago,	Philad	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg	Indian	Washi	Defeats
Burdick	1		3			0			10
Van Haltren	2		1	2	3	2		3	10
Keefe		4	I	4	0	1	2	0	12
Staley	2	ï	2	2	3		1	1	12
Madden	3	2	2	! . .	2	2	i	0	12
Gruber	3	1	2	2-		0	2	3	13
Conway	2	2	1	2		3	I	3	14
Krock	2		2	3	2	3	1	1	111
Buffinton	4	2		3	2	2	1	1	15
Sowders	3	2	-4		2	2	2	0	15
Baldwin	I		1	1	4	4	2	2	15
Radbourne.	2	5	0		2	2	2	3	16
Gleason	2	3		3	3	1	0	5	17
Welch		6	- 1	3	2	2	1	1	10
Casey	5	I		1	5	2	3	2	19
Clarkson	4	3	4		2	2	3	2	20
Whitney	4	1	2	5	2	4	3		21
Boyle	5	5	3	3	1	3		0	22
Morris	3	4	4	2	3		2	6	24
Shreve	4	4	4	2	5	3		2	24
Galvin	4	3	7	5	3		I	2	25 26
Getzein	5	3 5	3	4 5		7	3	I	26
O'Day	4	5	4	5	3	3	7		31

These pitching records not only present a tolerably fair criterion of a pitcher's skill in the box—though of course not as reliable as the data of clean earned runs off his pitching or of clean hits made from it—but they afford an interesting and instructive record from which to judge of the success of a pitcher in defeating one particular team more frequently than he does another, and vice versa. In fact, experience has shown that no matter how effective a pitcher may be in a season's work, it will be found that there is always one team which bothers him more than any other he has to face, just as shown in the above quoted instances.

In regard to judging of a pitcher's ability as a fielder in his position by the fielding averages of pitchers, the basis was made equally as unreliable as the estimate of earned runs was, owing to the fact that the data of the fielding averages of a pitcher were made up from the figures of "assistance on strikes" as well as from legitimate fielding assistances. For this reason the pitcher, who was really a poor fielder in his position in fielding balls from the bat, but who happened to be fortunate in striking batsmen out by his pitching—thereby getting a big record of pitching assistances—became the leader in the pitcher's fielding averages; while the pitcher who really excelled as a fielder when in the box, but who was not as fortunate in striking out his batting opponents, and therefore could not furnish as good a record of assistances on strikes, was set down in the fielding averages as a tail-ender.

The individual club record of the pitching of 1888 presents some interesting figures. For instance, we find that while Chicago used no less than eleven pitchers during the championship season Philadelphia was content with but four. No less than twenty new pitchers entered the League season in 1888, and of these, Sanders of Philadelphia; Tener and Krock of Chicago; Sowders of Boston; Staley of Pittsburgh; Burdick of Indianapolis, and Widner of Washington, proved to be acquisitions.

Below will be found the individual club pitching records for 1888, showing the victories and defeats each club pitcher participated in as an occupant of the box. The names given in italics

are those of pitchers new to the League arena:

EASTERN CLUBS.

New York.	Č	Cnicago.	Dt:12 de la bio	rmiaucipma.	-	boston.	:	Detroit.	1	Fittsburg.	:	indianapolis.		Washington.		Γota	ls.
	w	L.	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L.	w	L.	Р.
Keefe Welch Titcomb Crane George Weidman	3 3 1 0 0	4 6 1 0 0	5 5 2 0 2 0	1 4 0 0 0	561000	4 3 1 0 0	5 1 3 1 1	0 2 3 1 0	3 4 2 0 0 0	1 2 2 1 1 0	8 3 1 0 1 1	2 I O 2 O	6 4 4 1 0	0 I I 2 0	35 26 14 5 2	12 19 8 6 1	47 45 22 11 3 2
Totals	8	II	14	5	12	8	11	7	*9	7	14	5	15	4	83	47	130

*One game with Pittsburg was won by forfeit.

Снісадо.	37	New York.		Fulladeipnia.	4	poston.		Detroit.		Fittsburg.	:	Indianapolis		Washington.	Т	'otal	ls.
	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L.	w	L.	P.
Krock Van Haltren Baldwin Tener Dwyer Borchers Gumpert Clark Brynan Mains	5 0 3 2 0 0 1 0 0 0	2 1 1 0 0 0 1 0	2 2 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0	2 1 1 2 0 1 0 1 0 1	3 1 3 2 1 1 0 1 0 0	3 2 1 0 0 0 1 0 0	4 2 2 1 0 0 1 0 0	2 3 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	3 2 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	3 2 4 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	4 2 2 1 1 1 0 0 2 0 1	I I 2 I 0 0 0 0 1 0	4 4 0 1 2 0 0 2 0 0	1 0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0	25 13 13 7 4 4 3 3 2 1	14 11 15 5 1 3 0	4
Totals	11	8	8	*9	12	7	10	10	9	11	14	6	13	6	77	57	134

^{*}One defeat with the Philadelphia Club was by for feit.

PHILA- DELPHIA.	M Woule			Cincago.	4	Doscon.		Dettoit.	Dittehung	r mesonig.	Indianonalia	mulanapons.	Monti	w asmington.	Т	'otal	is.
Buffinton	3	L. 4	w. 4	L. 2	w. 5	3	w.	2	w. 7	L. 2	w. 5		w. 3	L.	w.	 15	P. 44
Sanders Casey Gleason	1 0	3 5 2	3 2 0	2 1 3	3 2 0	2 1 3	4 0	5 3	3 3	I 2 I	5 2 1	3	4 1 2	1 2 5	19 14 7	10 19 17	33 24
Totals	5	14	*9	8	10	9	7	11	*15	6	13	4	10	9	69	71	130

Boston.	Now West	New 1 Offic.		Cilicago.	Dhile Jalati	r miaueipma.	Potesit	Detroit.	Dittoh	rinspurg.	Tedie	mulanapous.	1171	wasnington.	Т	'otal	ls.
Clarkson Sowders Madden Radbourne Conway	5 3 0 0	4 3 3 2 0	W. 5 1 0 E 0	3 2 2 5 0	w. 5 2 2 0 0	4 4 2 0	W. 6 2 0 2	2 2 2 2 2 0	w. 1 4 3 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 0	5 2 1 0 3	3 2 1 2 1	6 5 1 3 0	L. 2 0 0 3	33 19 7 7 4	L. 20 15 12 16	53 34 19 23 5
Totals	W. L. W rkson 5 4 5 dders 3 3 1 idden 0 3 0 lbourne 0 2 t way 0 0		7	10	9	10	10	8	10	8	Ιt	9	15	5	70	64	134

DETROIT.	N. V.	INEW LOIK.		Cnicago.		r miaueipnia.	Doote	DOSTOIL.	0.44.1	riusburg.	Ledion	indianapolis.	Washington	. moralis com	т	otal	s.
Conway Getzein Gruber Beatin Baldwin	5 0 2 0	2 5 3 1	5 4 1 0	2 3 1 2 2	5 4 1 0	I 3 2 I 0	2 2 3 1	2 4 2 2 0	5 2 I I I I	3 7 0 0	6 3 2 0	I. 3 2 1	3 3 1 3 1	3 1 3 0 0	31 18 11 5 3	14 26 13 7 3	45 44 24 12 6
Totals	7	II	10	10	11	7	S	10	10	10	11	8	ΙI	7	.68	63	131

PITTSBURG.	New York.		Chicago	Samo	Dhilodelphia	r maderbane.	Dorton	DOSCOTI	Dotwoit	Denou:	Indianapolis.		Washington.	0	T:	otal	s.
Morris Galvin Knell Henderson Maul	W. 6 1 0 0 0 0 0	L. 3 4 2 0 0	W. 3 5 2 0 I 0	4 3 1 0 0	w. 4 2 0 0 0 6	1. 4 7 2 0 I I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 1 0 0	L. 2 5 2 0 1 0	3 6 1 0 0	3 3 0 1 0	4 5 5 0 0	2 1 1 1 0	3 3 3 1 0 0	6 2 1 0 0	W. 29 23 12 1 1 0 0 -66	24 25 12 2 4 1	F. 53 48 24 3 5 1

*One game with New York was forfeited, and one defeat with Philadelphia thrown out.

Indian- apolis.	New York.		Chicago.		Philadelphia		Roston		Detroit.		Dittehuro	. Singenia	Washington	4 40111112	Т	otal	s.
Boyle	W. 2 0 2 1	5 3 4 1	w. I I I I 3 O	L. 5 4 4 1 0	W. 2 2 0 0 0 0	3 2 4 3 1	W. 4 I 3 I 0	I 3 3 2 1 2 1 1 2	w. 2 2 3 1 0 8	I 3 5 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	w. I I I 3 0 6	5 6 3 0 0	3 5 1 1 2	0 3 2 3 0	W. 15 12 11 10 2 50	22 24 24 10 5	37 36 35 20 7

Washing- Ton.	New Vork		Chicago	- Garage	Philadelphia	Topanii -	Boston		Detroit		Dittehuro		Indiananolis	- maranapous.	T	Totals.	
	w.	L.	w.	I	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	ь.
								_		2	2	4	2	3	18	21	40
Whitney	3	4	3	I	4	2	3	5	1 :	3	3	3	2	7	16	31	47
O'Day	1	4	2	5	3	4	2	5	3	I	3	0	2	6	6	7	13
Keefe	0	.2	0	2	0	I	0	1	ī	ů	7 T	0	ī	0	4	7	11
Widner	0	I	0	2	1	2	0	2	1 -		0	0	Ť	0	2	4	6
Daily	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	2		2	ô	I	1	10	11
Gilmore	0	3	0	0	1	τ	0	1	0	2	0		-	0	0	1	ī
Greening	0	0	0	ι	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	2	2
Haddock	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I	0	- 1	0	3	3
Shaw	0	0	0	1	0	О	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	I	0	- 3	-3
			-										-		1.0	96	134
Totals	4	15	6	13	9	10	5	15	17	11	9	10	8	12	48	30	134

The retiring pitchers of the year were McCormick of Pittsburgh, Ferguson of Philadelphia, who died early in the season; Weidman and Twitchell of Detroit; Shaw of Washington: Mattimore of New York; Pyle and Sprague of Chicago; Leitner, Morrison and Kirby of Indianapolis, and Stemmyer of Boston

THE MONTHLY RECORDS.

The month of April saw Boston taking the lead in the record of victories for that month, that club not sustaining a single defeat in April. Chicago stood second, with New York and Pittsburgh tied in the number of victories and defeats credited and charged to each club, Detroit standing fifth, while Indianapolis, Philadelphia and Washington brought up the rear.

In May Chicago led all the other teams in their victories that month; Detroit being second, Philadelphia third, New York fourth, and Boston fifth, Indianapolis being sixth, with Pittsburgh and Washington tied for last place in the May record, Boston and

Pittsburgh falling off badly this month.

In June Detroit won the most victories, it being their best month's work of the season, Chicago being second, Philadelphia third, New York fourth, Boston fifth, Washington sixth, with Indianapolis seventh and Pittsburgh last, it being the latter club's

poorest month's work of the campaign.

In July the new rule of management, inaugurated by Mr. Day, placed New York in the front, and the result was that the "Giants" in July made the best month's record of the season, over 18 victories to but five defeats; Detroit stood second on the list in July victories, with Pittsburgh third, the latter making a good rally in July; Indianapolis, too, played well this month and stood fourth, Washington being fifth, and Chicago sixth, the latter taking a bad tumble, Philadelphia and Boston being the two last in July victories, Boston winning but five victories out of twenty-two games, that club's worst monthly record.

In August Boston rallied in brilliant style, scoring 16 victories out of 22 games, quite a contrast to their poor work in July; New York was second, and Pittsburgh third, the latter doing better, even, than in July; Philadelphia stood fourth, Chicago fifth, Washington sixth, with Indianapolis seventh and Detroit last, the latter only winning five victories out of 21 games in August.

In September Chicago rallied well and went to the front in the record of the month's victories, Pittsburgh being second, New York third, Detroit fourth—the latter rallying; Philadelphia sixth, with Indianapolis and Washington bringing up the rear. By the close of the month New York had virtually settled the question of the championship, and the only struggle left was that for second place.

In October Philadelphia made its usual "spurt" at the finish, and that club won eight out of nine games in October, after giving Chicago a close fight for second place, and came in a good third in the pennant race. New York was second in the October victories, Boston third, Pittsburgh and Washington tied for fourth, Chicago was sixth—that club gaining second position in the pennant race; Indianapolis and Washington being the two last. Here is the full record of the monthly victories and defeats of the campaign:

The second secon	Ap	ril.	Ma	ıy.	Ju	ne.	Ju	y,	Aı	ıg.	Se	pt.	0	ct.	T	otal	s.
	w.	L.	w.	, L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	P.
New York Chicago Philadelphia Boston Detroit Pittsburg Indiana: olis Washington	9 3 5	3 2 7 0 5 3 6 7	12 15 12 11 14 7 8	9 7 7 13 8 14 14	13 14 13 12 16 5 7	8 10 11 6 15	18 10 9 5 14 13	5 14 15 17 10 9	12 15 16 5	8 13 9 6 16 9 21	13 16 10 12 13 15 10	8 9 12 12 11 12 13	7 4 8 5 3 5 4	3 5 5 7 6 6	84 77 69 70 68 66 50	47 58 61 64 63 68 85 86	131



A. C. ANSON.

THE LEADING PLAYERS OF THE LEAGUE.

Looking over the League averages, and taking those players who have taken part in a majority of the championship contests of the season, we find the appended names among those occupying the leading positions at the bat and in the field.

Of those who played in one hundred games and over in the League championship arena, the following comprise the first ten batsmen:

_	Batsmen.	Club.	Games.	Per cent. of Base Hits.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Anson. Ryan. Kelly. Brouthers Ewing White Johnston Tiernan Connor Nash.	Chicago. Boston. Detroit. New York. Detroit. Boston. New York New York	130 105 129 103 125 135 113	.343 .331 .318 .306 .306 .298 .295 .293 .291

Of those who played in one hundred games and over in the League campaign, the following are the first seven in fielding averages:

Fielders.	Position.	Club.	Games.	Fielding Average	Per cent. of Base Hits.
Glasscock Hornung Slattery	Second Baseman. Third Baseman Short Stop Left Fielder	Indianapolis Boston New York	135 104 109 107	.942 .913 .900 .947 917	.269

Of the pitchers who took part in 50 games and over, the following led in fielding averages:

No pitcher or catcher played in 100 games.

PITCHERS.	Club.	Games. Fielding Average. Per cent. of Base Hits.
Galvin	New York	51 .785 .127 50 .758 .143 54 .732 .102 54 .678 .195

Of the catchers who took part in 60 games and over, the following led in fielding averages:

Catchers.	Club.	Games.	Fielding Average. Per cent. of Base Hits.
Bennett. Daly Clements Ewing Mack Miller Kelly.	Washington	78 79 68	.941 .263 .880 .191 .874 .247 .861 .306 .843 .186 .805 .277 .796 .318

THE BASE RUNNING RECORD.

Those of the League championship players who are credited with not less than 50 stolen bases in the pennant race, are as follows:

Base Runners.	Club.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
Seery Sunday Pfeffer Ryan Fogarty Kelly	Washington Indianapolis Pittsburg Chicago Chicago Philadelphia Boston New York New York	136 133 119 136 130 120 105 103 113	82 \$0 71 64 60 58 56 53 52

The above are the leaders in seven of the eight League clubs. Hanlon led in the Detroit team, but he only scored 38 stolen

bases in 108 games. The Detroit team was singularly weak in this respect.

Mr. R. M. Larner of Washington has made up an interesting table from the figures of the League averages, which presents some very interesting statistics of the base running in the League during the championship season of 1858. Mr. Larner says:

"The official averages of League players contain the number of bases stolen by each player during the season, but furnish no means of comparison between the clubs in that most important department of the game. A glance, however, shows that the three tail-end clubs possess the three most successful base-runners in the League, in Hoy of the Washingtons; Seery of Indianapolis, and Sunday of Pittsburgh, the latter of whom would probably have finished first had an accident not prevented him from playing during the last two weeks of the season."

The following table includes in its first column all those methods of reaching first base, except the force-outs, which cannot be ascertained, and would not materially affect the record, in this comparison. Indianapolis and Washington still lead, Pittsburgh comes well to the front, pushing the next three clubs down a peg each, and the Phillies and Detroits keep their places at the foot:

Clubs.	Reached	Stolen	Percent-
	1st Base.	Bases.	ages.
Indianapolis Washington Pittsburg New York Boston Chicago Philadelphia D-troit	1,589 1,515 1,474 1,772 1,719 1,720 1,569 1,843	350 331 282 315 292 285 246	220 218 191 178 170 166 157

Mr. Larner says: "The simple total of bases stolen is misleading as to a club's proficiency in base running, since the strong batting clubs having more men who reach first base have more chances to steal, and hence excel in totals, while in percentages they fall below clubs which are weaker in batting. The true measure is the relation between the number of bases stolen and the number of chances offered for the attempt, which is the whole number of those who reach first base, whether on hits, balls, errors, hits by pitcher, illegal delivery, or force-outs."

THE CLUB RECORD OF STOLEN BASES.

The record in stolen bases in championship games, showing the first man of each club in base stealing for 1888 is appended. Taking the total bases stolen by each club nine as the criterion, Indianapolis takes the lead, with Washington second and New York third, followed by Chicago, Boston, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Detroit in regular order, the latter club being the weakest of the eight League teams in base running. Here is the record in full:

INDIANAPOLIS.			BOSTON.					
Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.			
I Seery. 2 McGeachy. 3 Glasscock 4 Denny. 5 Hines 6 Myers. 7 Bossett 8 Daily. 9 Esterbrook	133 118 112 126 132 66 128	48 32 31 28 24 15	Kelly 2 Brown 3 Johnston 4 Wise 5 Hornung 6 Morrill 7 Nash 8 Quinn 9 Sutton Total	105 107 135 104 107 134 135 38 28	16 \$ 46 35 33 29 21 20 12 10			
Total		310						
WASHINGTON,			PITTSBURG.					
Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.			
Hoy Wilmot Wilmot Donnelly Daily Daily Mack Schock Myers Iwin O'Brien O'	136 119 117 110 85 90 132 37 133	46 44 44 31 23 20 15	Sunday 2 Smith 3 Dunlap 1 Miler 5 Beckley. 6 Carroll 7 Kuehne 8 Coleman. 9 Fields	119 130 81 103 71 96 137 115 41	27 20 18 17			
Total		315	Total					
NEW YORK.			PHILADELPHIA	•				
Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.			
Ewing. Tiernan. Ward. Richardson Connor. Slattery O'Rourke Gore. Whitney. Total	103 113 122 133 134 103 107 64	52 38 35 35 27 26 26 25	I Fogart 2 Delahanty 3 Andrews 4 Farrar 5 Wood 6 Irwin 7 Mulvey Sanders 6 Bastian Total	120 74 123 130 105 124 99 57 80	38 35 21 20 19			

CHICAGO.		DETROIT.			
PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
Pfeffer. 2 Ryan 3 Burns 4 Anson 5 Williamson 6 Van Haltren. 7 Duffy 8 Daly 9 Sullivan	134	60 34 28 25 21 13	I Hanlon 2 Brouthers 3 Campau 4 Twitchell 5 Richardson 6 White 7 Ganzell 8 Rowe 9 Getzein	10S 129 70 130 57 125 93 105 45	38 34 27 14 13 12 12 10 6
Total		264	Total		166

The following table is for immediate reference. It shows the winning club for each season from 1871 to 1888 inclusive; as also the manager of each of the champion clubs of each year:

Year.	Winning club.	Manager.	Victories.	Defeats.	Games Played
1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1880 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	Boston Boston Boston Boston Chicago Boston Providence Chicago	Hayhurst H. Wright Anson Anson Anson H. Wright Bancroft Anson	22 39 43 52 71 52 31 41 55 56 56 56 84 87	7 8 16 18 8 14 17 19 23 18 28 29 35 28 25 34	29 47 59 70 79 66 48 60 73 84 84 98 1112 1112
1887	Detroit	Watkins	79 84	45 47	124

It will be seen that in the old Professional Association the Boston club won the pennant four times, and the Athletics once, while in the League the Chicago Club won it six times, the Boston Club three times, the Providence Club twice, and the Detroit and New York once each. The best percentage of victories was made by the Boston Club in 1875, that being the best on record in professional club history.

THE CHAMPION LEAGUE TEAM OF 1888.

Though the New York Club's team for 1888 included over twenty different players, only seven of them took part in one hundred championship matches and over, and these were Richardson, 135; Connor, 134; Ward, 122; Tiernan, 113; O'Rourke, 107; Ewing, 103, and Slattery, 103. Whitney took part in 90; Gore in 64; Keefe in 51; Welch in 47; Foster in 37; Murphy in 28; Hatfield in 27; Titcomb in 23; Brown in 17, and Crane in but 11. All the others played in less than ten games. The first nine were Keefe p, Ewing c, Connor 1b, Richardson 2b, Whitney, 3b, Ward ss, O'Rourke If, Slattery cf, and Tiernan, rf, these playing the nine positions respectively. The appended table presents an interesting epitome of the work done on the field by the New York team in the championship contests of the past season:

NEW YORK.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Totals,
Victories	8	14	12	11	10	14	15	84
Defeats	11	5	8	7	7	5	4	47
Drawn Games	1	ī	0	2	2	0	1	7
Series Won	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	5
Series Lost	1	0	0,	0	0	0	0	I
Series Unfinished	1	1	0	I	1	1	1	6
Victories by Forfeit	0	0	О	0	ī	0	ò	1
"Chicago" Victories	2	1	1	2	4	3	6	19
"Chicago" Defeats	1	0	1	0	I	0	0	3
Single Figure Victories	5	12	10	II	8	II	14	71
Single Figure Defeats	11	4	8	5	7	5	4	44
Double Figure Victories	3	2	2	0	I	3	2	13
Double Figure Defeats	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	4
Extra Innings Games	1	2	3 5	I	I	0	8	9
Victories at Home	4	8	5	5	6	7		43
Defeats at Home	5.	I	5	3	4	2	3	23
Victories Abroad	4	6	7	5	4	7	7	40
Defeats Abroad	6	4	3	4	3	3	1	24

THE PITCHING RECORD.

The pitching record of the champion team of 1888 is worthy of note in regard to the figures showing the victories won and defeats

Page Missing

Page Missing

THE FULL LEAGUE RECORD.

The following record presents the scores of the total victories won by every League Club each year since the National League was organized, the table presenting the figures of thirteen consecutive seasons from 1876 to 1888 inclusive:

						00	00	60	00	00.	007	-00-	.000	2
	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1880	1857	1888	
Chicago	52	18	30	44	67	56	55	50	62	87	90	71	77	12
Boston	39	31	41	49	40	38	45	59 63 58		46	56	61	70	13
Providence	35		38	55	52	47	52	5Š	73 84	53				8
Detroit						41	42	40	28	41	87	79	68	0
Buffalo				44	24	45	45	52	64	38				17
Cleveland				24	47	36	42	55	35		• • • •	1.55		6
New York				• • • • •	• • • •			46	62	85	75	68	8.1	6
Philad'lphia		• • • •	••••	• • • • •		••••		17	39	56	71	75	69	1 "
St. Louis	45	19	• • • • •	••••		••••				38	43	• • • •		14
Cincinnati	9		37	38	21					•••		• > < 1		1 :
Troy	••••		••••	19	41	39	35				• • • •			1 4
Worcester					40	32	10				26	46	48	3
Washington			1::			• • • •					20	37	59	3
Indianapolis Hartford		••••	24	• • • • •	••••	• • • • •						31	299	2
Louisville	47 30	24												1 2
Pittsburg	30					••••						5.	66	1 2
Athletic	14											33		1 7
Mutual	21		••••					l					1	i
Syracuse		l		15										įε
Milwaukee	1		15	1										1 1
Kansas City			1		l			l	l		l	29	1	1
								-				<u></u>		İ
Totals	257	120	185	288	332	334	334	390	447	444	448	521	54:	

THE COMPLETE RECORD.

Following is a summary showing the results of each year's campaign since the organization of the League:

1876.

•	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.		Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	52 47 45 39	14 21 19 31	.691	Louisville	30 21 14 9	36 35 45 56	·455 ·375 ·237 ·135

1877.

Boston	31 28	17 .648 St. Louis 19 20 .583 Chicago 18	29 . 396 30 . 374
Hartford	24	24 .500	3 .31

1878.

1070.									
Won. Lost. Per cent.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.						
Boston 41 19 .707 Chicago Cincinnati 37 23 .617 Indianapolis Providence 33 27 .550 Milwaukee	30 24 15	36	.500 .400 .250						
1879.									
Providence 55 23 7.05 Cincinnati. Boston 49 29 6.88 Cleveland Chicago. 44 32 579 Troy Buffalo 44 32 579 Syracuse Syracuse	38 24 19 15	53 56	.514 .312 .253 .357						
1880.									
Chicago. 67 17 7.98 Worcester. Providence 52 32 619 Boston Cleveland 47 37 559 Buffalo Troy 41 42 494 Cincinnati	40 40 24 21	43 44 58 59	.4 ⁸ 2 .474 .293 .263						
1881.									
Chicago. 56 28 .667 Troy Providence 47 37 .559 Boston Buffalo. 45 38 .542 Cleveland Detroit. 41 43 .488 Worcester	39 38 36 36	45 48	.464 .458 .429 .390						
1882.	1882.								
Chicago 55 29 655 Cleveland Providence 52 32 .619 Detroit Buffalo 45 39 .536 Troy Boston 45 39 .536 Worcester	42 43 35 18	40 41 48 66	.512 .506 .422 .214						
1883.			`						
Boston 63 35 .643 Buffalo Chicago 59 39 .602 New York Providence 58 40 .592 Detroit Cleveland 55 42 567 Philadelphia	52 46 40 17	45 50 58 81	· 539 · 479 · 408 · 173						
1884.									
Providence	6 ₂ 39	50 73	· 554 •348						

1885.

	Won. Lost.	Per cent.			Won		Per cent
Chicago	87 25 85 27 56 54 53 57	.758	Detroit.	s	4	6 66 1 67 8 74 6 72	.379 .339 .333
		18	86.				
Chicago Detroit New York Philadelphia	90 34 87 36 75 44 71 43	.630	St. Lou Kansas	is City gton		56 61 43 79 30 91 28 92	.478 .352 .247 .233
*		18	87.				
Detroit Philadelphia Chicago New York			Pittsbu	polis		61 60 55 69 46 76 37 89	·414 ·377
		18	388.				

Roston 70 64 .522 Washington 48 60 1.330	New York	84 77 69	47 58 61 64	.641 Detroit .510 Pittsburg	63 66 50 48	63 68 8 5 86	.519 .493 .370 .358
--	----------	----------------	----------------------	--------------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------

A summary of the above shows that the Chicago club won the championship six times; the Boston club three times; the Providence club twice, and the Detroit and New York clubs once each. The Chicago club has the attrecord of a single season—90 victories and 34 defeats—and he highest percentage of victories 798. The only clubs which played in every single season were the Chicago and Boston clubs.

THE LEAGUE AVERAGES FOR 1888.

The following is the official batting record of players members of League Clubs who have taken part in fifteen or more championship games.

SEASON OF 1888.

_			-									
Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave.per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Bases Stolen.	Ате. рег Сате.
12 33 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	Anson. Beckley. Ryan. Kelly. { Ewing. Brouthers. Quinn. White. Johnston. Tiernan Connor. Richardson. Van Haltren Nash. Duffy Thompson. Hines. { Rowe. } Miller. Conway. Hoy. Buckley. O'Rourke. Brown. Glasscock. Hanlon. McGuire. Bennett. Dunlap. Denny. Nicholson. Sutcliffe. Pettit. Ward. Williamson. Beaton.	Boston Chicago Detroit Indianapolis Detroit Pittsburg Detroit Washington Indianapolis New York Indianapolis Detroit Phil & Detroit Pittsburg Indianapolis Detroit Chicago New York Chicago Detroit	103 129 38 125 135 113 57 113 55 132 105 103 44 136 71 107 112 108 43 122 49 43 122 132 143 144 146	156 527 585 4481 266 318 526 298 2318 451 404 4167 503 449 442 459 442 459 442 459 458 5191 1169 510 452 560 452 453 451	101 35 115 85 81 19 75 98 60 60 51 84 62 50 87 72 75 63 64 17 54 75 84 64 75 84 64 75 85 84 64 75 85 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	0.75 0.49 0.88 0.80 0.91 0.60 0.60 0.63 1.05 0.60 0.52 0.52 0.53 0.54 0.54 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55	177 182 140 47 157 130 140 77 149 84 1125 1122 116 119 122 117 22 119 122 119 122 119 121 121 121 121		-52 121 285 205 270 48 200 48 200 48 201 182 224 117 111 111 1186 1186 1189 1171 1195 1	1.88 1.70 2.19 1.89 1.86 1.89 1.60 2.04 11.67 2.05 11.60 2.02 11.60 11.54 11.60 11.54 11.60 11.54 11.60 11.54 11.60 11.6	28 28 20 60 55 53 112 55 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	0.20 0.20 0.30 0.51 0.00 0.20 0.20 0.26
30 31 32 33	Pfeffer Ganzell Clements Brown Ray Farrar	Philadelphia Boston	93 85	323 426 206	45 26 62 26	0.48	96 80 104 51	.248 .247 .247 .247	100 155 65	1.28 1.17 1.45 1.30	12 0 3 0 46 0),47),13),08),48),14

BATTING RECORD.—Continued.

			•									
Rat.k.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave. per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Bases Stelen.	Ave. per Game.
84 85 86 87 88 89 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Sanders Getzein Slattery Twitchell Carroll. Bassett Hornung Wise Burns Andrews Myers. Shoeneck Sullivan Fogarty Kuhne Sunday Farrell Wood. Tate. Healy Delehanty Richardson Dally O'Brien Wilmot Dalrymple Irwin Sery Gore. McGeachy	Philadelphia. Detroit. New York. Detroit. Pittsburg. Indianapolis. Chicago. Philadelphia. Indianapolis. Chicago. Philadelphia. Pittsburg. Chicago. Philadelphia. Pittsburg. Chicago. Philadelphia. Pittsburg. Washington Indianapolis. Washington " Pittsburg. Washington	57 45 103 130 96 128 128 128 129 124 123 124 137 119 63 105 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115		274 449 611 577 616 660 74 35 15 407 418 40 822 564 421 517 45 827 45 827 45 827 45 827 45 827 847 847 847 847 847 847 847 847 847 84	0.47 0.47 0.54 0.63 0.44 0.67 0.63 0.44 0.57 0.59 0.57 0.54 0.60 0.53 0.41 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54	58 88 88 116 103 100 115 59 40 74 102 117 56 66 66 50 102 119 102 119 102 119 106 56 98 110 56 99	245 245 2445 243 241 239 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	74 50 122 167 117 147 123 155 152 157 72 44 117 136 154 118 42 42 176 139 167 140 164 36 115 163 72 115 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163	1.29 1.11 1.18 1.28 1.15 1.27 1.19 1.27 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.1	13 6 6 14 18 24 29 33 34 35 5 28 1 1 9 5 8 34 7 8 9 5 8 35 44 10 6 7 15 9 8 1 1	0.23 0.13 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.19 0.27 0.28 0.38
5 3	Esterbrook Whitney Sutton Daily	New York Boston Indianapolis	64 90 28 57	246 323 110 202	21 28 16 14	0.32 0.31 0.57 0.24	54 72 24 44	.219 .219 .218 .218	61 87 32 52	0.95 0.96 1.14 0.91	11 7 10 15	0.17 0.07 0.35 0.26
5 5	Mulvey Radbourne	Philadelphia Boston	99 24 40	394 79	6	$0.37 \\ 0.25 \\ 0.49$	85 17	.215	18	$\frac{1.06}{0.75}$	4	0.12 0.16
56 57	Shomberg Darling	N. Y. & Pitts Indianapolis Chicago	29 20	145 112 75	11 13	$0.42 \\ 0.38 \\ 0.65$	31 24 16	.214 .214 213	33 27	1.27 1.13 1.35	6 0	0 10 0 20 0 00
58 59	Maul	Pittsburg Washington		255 502	47	$0.29 \\ 0.35$	54 104	.211	139	$0.97 \\ 1.05$	20	0.12 0.15
60 61	Smith Hallman Gleason	Pittsburg Philadelphia	130 16 23	477 63 83	5	$0.44 \\ 0.31 \\ 0.17$	99 13 17	.207 .206 .205	19	$1.00 \\ 1.19 \\ 0.87$	1	0 27 0 06 0.13
62	Campau	Detroit	70 27	251 94	28	$0.40 \\ 0.63$	51 19	.203	65	0 93 0 89	27	0 38 0.15
63 64	Burdock Donnelly	Boston Washington	21	79 428	5	$0.24 \\ 0.35$	16	.202	16	0.76 0.8 5	1	0.05 0.36

BATTING RECORD.—Continued.

_													
Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave. per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Bases Stolen.	Ave. per Game.	
63	Widner	Washington	15	60	4	0.26	12		40	0.00			
66	Morrill	Boston	134	486		$0.20 \\ 0.44$	96	.200	195	$\frac{0.80}{1.00}$	01	$0.07 \\ 0.15$	
67	Arundel	Washington	16	51		0.12	10	.196	19	0.75		0.08	
68	Clarkson	Boston.	54	205		0.37	40	.195		0.98		0.09	
•	Fields	Pittsburg	44	1t9	22	0 50	33	.195	47	1.09		0.20	
69	Schriver	Philadelphia	39		15	0.38	26	.194		0.92	2	0.05	
70	McShannic	Pittsburg	26	98	5	0.19	19	.194	20	0.77	3	0 11	
71		Philadelphia	80	275		0.38	53	.192		0.77	12	U. 15	
72	Daily Welch	Chicago		219	34	0.52	4:	.191		0 83	10	0 15	
73		New York Washington		169 300		0.34	32	.189		0 89		0 08	
74	Schock	washington		317		$0.57 \\ 0.51$	56 58	.186		0.90	31	0 36	
75		"	49	170		0.22		. 183 . 182		$0.85 \\ 0.77$		0.25	
10	Shreve	Indianapolis	35		10	0.28		.182	24	0.66		0.12 0.14	
76	flint	Chicago	22	77		0 27		.181		0.77		0.64	
	hiaftald (New York	27	105	7	0.26	19	181		0.74		0.29	
77 78	O'Rourke	Boston	20	74		0.15	13	.175		.65		0.10	
79	Buffinton	Philadelphia		156	13		27	.173	32	0.72	1 (0.02	
80		Washington		141		0 31		.170	27	0 64	3	0.07	
81		New York		106	11	0.39		169		0.71	3	0.10	
-	Madden	Beston	28 19	67		0 32		.168		1.00	3	0.11	
82	Krock	Chicago		134	9	0.36 0.23		.164		58		2.21	
83	Deasley	Washington		127	6	$0.23 \\ 0.17$.164 .157		0.64	1	0.02	
	Wells	Detroit	16	57	5	0.31		157		0 63		0.00	
84	Glenn	Boston	19	65	8	0.42		154		0.63		0.00	
85	Casev	Philadelphia	33	118		0.33		152		66		06	
86	Baldwin	Chicago		106		0.37		151		0.80	4	.13	
87	Sowders	Bos on		122		0 40	18	147		0.57		0.03	
01	Burdick	Indianapolis	20	68		0.30		147		0.55		00.0	
88	Foster	New York		136		0.40		147).73		0.35	
89	Boyle Galvin	Indianapolis.		125 175		0.35	18	144		0.57		03	
90	Gruber	Pitteburg Derroit	27	92	0 0	0.12	25	148		0.62		80.0	
91	O Day	Washington		166	6	0.29		141		0.63		00	
92	Staley	Pittsburg	24	85	6	0.25	11	129		0.50		0.08	
93	Keere	New York		181		0.19		127		0.64		0.06	
94	Titcomb	*	23	82	6	26		122		0.56		21	
95	Morris	Pittsburg	54			0.2		102		1.42	210	04	

FIELDING RECORD.

Of Players, Members of League Clubs, who have taken part in fifteen or more Championship Games, Season of 1883.

FIRST BASEMEN.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.		Percentage Accepted,
1 2 3 4 5 6	Anson Connor. Beckley Farrar Morrill Esterbrook. Coleman O'Brien. Shoeneck.	Chicago	71 130 134 61 25 132	1337 744 1345 1398 628 235 1272 501	72 20 4 38 16	20 26 16 30 31 16 6 33 14	1501 654 245 1343 531	.981 .979 .979 .979 .976 .975 .975
7 8 9	Brouthers Maul Shomberg	Pittsburg Indianapolis	37	392	9	42 13 5	414	.970 .968 .964

SECOND BASEMEN.

Bastian	Philadelphia	65	145		23	427 .946
2 Richardson	New York	135	321	423	46	790 .942
Dunlap		81	237	276	33	546 .939
Nicholson			44	71	8	123 .935
Pieffer			421	457	65	943 .931
6 Richardson	Detroit		173	185	29	387 .925
C Richardson	Indianapolis		250	423	57	730 .921
			271	399	60	730 .918
8 Myers			63	75	13	151 .914
9 Klusman	Boston		97	115		232 .913
10 Quinn			131	184		248 .905
11 Smith	Pittsburg	انت				219 .904
12 Nash	Bos on		90	108		
72 Pundoek	"	21	53	68	13	134 .903
14 Ganzell	Detroit	51	110			309 .899
14 Ganzell 15 Delehanty	Philadelphia	56	129	170	44	343 .871

THIRD BASEMEN.

11	Nesh	Boston	104	139	250	37	426	.913
2	Kuhna	Pittsburg	74	95	166	26	287	909
~	Machannia	"	26	39	49	9	97	.997
3	McSnannic	Chicago			273	49	516	905
4	Burns	T- lies analis	96				416	894
5	Denny	Indianapolis		87	174		210	890
6	Mulvey	Philadelphia		97				
7	Whitney	New York	90	90	184		809	.886
ġ	Donnelly	Washington	117					.874
0	Sutton	Boston	27	32	47	13		.858
40	TITLES.	Detroit	125	146	244	65	455	.857
10	W nite	Moss Vorle		32	29	15		.802
11	Ewing	New York		17	28	12		.789
12	Buckley	Indianapolis	21	17	20		100	.785
12	Claveland	New York & Pitts'g.	40	27	57	23] 107	. 100

SHORT STOPS.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Total Chances.	Accepted.
1	Denny	Indianapolis	23	65	88	14	167 .91	
2	Kuhne	Pittsburg	63	112	159	25	296 .91	
	Smith		74	90	246	37	373 .90	
	Glasscock	Indianapolis	109	201	334	59	594 . 90	
3	Irwin	Philadelphia	121	204	374	64	642.90	
- 1	Shock	Washington	52	84	168	28	280 .90	
	Sutcliffe	Detroit	24	39	88	14	141 .90	
4	Williamson	Chicago	132	120	375	62	557 .88	
5	Wise	Boston	89	179	271	57	507 .88	
6	Ray	_ "	47	58	130	26	214 .87	
7	Rowe	Detroit	105	133	312	72	517 .86	
5 6 7 8 9	Irwin	Washington	27	54	87	23	164 .85	
	Ward	New York	122	185	331	86	602 85	
10	Fuller	Washington	47	67	140	38	245 84	5

FIELDERS.

1	O'Rourke	New York	87	130	13	6	149	.959
-	`Tiernan		113		16	8	198	.959
2	Glenn	Boston	19	42	2	2	46	.956
3	Sanders	Philadelphia	25	38	5	2	45	.955
4 5	Hornung	Boston	107	151	10	9	170	.947
5	Maul	Pittsburg	34	59	8	4	71	.943
6	Seery	Indianapolis	133	258	19	18		.939
7	Sunday	Pittsburg	119	292	27	21	340	.938
8	Campau	Detroit	70	101	10	8	119	932
-	McGeachy	Indianapolis	117	194	27	16	237	.932
9	Pattit	Chicago	43	46	8	4	58	.931
10	Fogarty	Philadelphia	116	239	26	20	285	.929
11	Sullivan	Chicago	75	114	13	10		.927
-11	Coleman	Pittsburg	90	160	20	14	194	.927
12	Slattery	New York	103	187	16	18		.918
	Hanlon	Detroit	108	230	7	21		.918
13	Miller	Pittsburg	32	58	7	6	77	.915
14	Daily	Washington	100	179	19	19		.912
12	(Hines	Indianapolis	124	255	13	26	294	
15	Delehanty	Philadelphia	17	28	3	3	a- 34	
16	Duffy	Chicago	67	103	19	12	134	.910
17	Dalrymple	Pittsburg	57	80	9	9		.908
18	Wood	Philadelphia	103	175	15	20	210	
19	Andrews	66	123	210	23	25	258	
20	Johnston	Boston	135	286	30	36	352	
20	Ноу	Washington,	136	296	26	37	359	
21	Brown	Boston	107	172	18	22	212	
22	Shock	Washington	35	59	7	8		892
23	Fields	Pittsburg	29	49	6	7		.887
24	Twitchell	Detroit	129	195	13	27	235	
25	Farrell	Chicago	31	50	8	7		.883

FIELDERS' AVERAGES-Continued.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Total Chances. Percentage Accepted.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Thompson Ryan Yan Haltren Wilmot Foster Scheffler Gore Carroll Kelly	Detroit Chicago Washington New York Detroit New York Pittsburg Boston	55 125 54 119 37 27 64 38	86 217 73 260 64 49 88 45 28	4 34 9 19 5 1 4 2	12 35 12 41 12 9 18 10 12	102 .882 286 .877 94 872 320 .872 81 .851 59 .847 110 .836 57 .824 44 .727

CATCHERS' AVERAGES.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Passed Balls.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted.
1	Bennett	Detroit	72	424	94	18	14	550	.941
5	Ganzell	44	25	156	41	9	15	221	.891
3	Daily	Chicago	62	400	107	33	36	576	.880
2 3 4 5 6	Clements	Philadelphia	84	494	104	47	39	684	.874
ŝ	Ewing	New York	78	480	143	35	65	723	
6	Wells	Detroit	16	96	25	11	9	141	.858
7	Myers	Indianapolis	46	211	63	21	27	322	.851
7 8	Fiint	Chicago	22	96	42	11	14	163	
9	Mack	Washington	79	361	152	47	48	608	.843
10	Deasley	" -	31	177	60	20	25	282	.840
) Murphy	New York	28	186	56	23	23	288	
11	Darling	Chicago	20	139	2 6	12	21	198	
12	Buckley	Indianapolis	48	213	60	31	28	332	.822
.13	Miller	Pittsburg	68	268	76	35	48	437	.805
14	O'Rourke	Boston	20	89	37	17	14	157	
15		. "	40	188	64	43	19	314	
16			74	367	146	77	54		.796
17	Carroll	Pittsburg	53	265	58	37	46	406	. 795
18	Daily	Indianapolis	42	215	69	34	41	359	
19	Brown	New York	17	134	24	19	26	203	.778
20		Chicago	31	171	50	32	34	287	.770 .760
21	Schriver	Philadelphia	27	148	39	28 15	29 21		.687
22	Arundel	Washington	16	63	16	19	121	119	1.007

SPALDING'S OFFICIAL

PITCHERS' RECORD IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER. Played. ō Game. Game. Fielding Errors. Hits Op-Times Assisting. Out. ases given op-ponents on called balls. imes at Bato Opponents. Percentage Accepted uns Scored b Opponents. uns Earned ! Opponents. Chances. Pitches Fir-t Base Made by ponents. Percentage. Ħ per per NAME. CLUB. umber Pr Games Ave. Wild J Ave. Ξ æ ź Buffinton Philadelphia... 44 1492 134 3.04 1 63 321 .215 31 10 12 Baldwin..... 62 Chicago..... 437 .808 960 125 4.46 2.32 .242 11 208 .5 Burdick 18 Indianapolis ... 99 341 .642 20 700 4.40 52 2.60 167 Boyle..... Conway..... .238 14 14 44 164 .616 37 1294 181 4.89 90 2.43 317 .245 180 14 20 Detroit. 59 280 .692 44 1508 168 3.82 84 1.91 315 .208 267 Clarkson.... 10 12 57 Boston.... 353 .784 53 1885 239 4.51 120 2.26 436 .231 351 24 37 119 Casey..... Philadelphia.. 553 .678 32 1141 153 4.78 86 2.69 296 .259 15 176 Getzein..... 15 48 Detroit..... 263 .726 45 1626 224 4.98 137 3.04 402 .247 29 276 Gleason..... Philadelphia.. 24 52 397 .768 23 791 106 4.61 57 2.48 200 .252 6 128 13 Galvin.... 14 53 Pittsburg..... 214 .626 50 1760 193 3.86 123 2.46 437 Gruber.... .248 23 224 10 11 58 326 .758 Detroit.... 27 934 124 4.59 57 2.11 199 213 4 121 Healy.... 14 42 Indianapolis... 189 .661 37 1326 204 5.51 128 3.46 357 .269 206 15 22 81 329 Krock.... 641 Chicago..... New York.... 39 1294 143 3.66 74 1.89 293 .226 4 217 12 18 Keefe..... 45 296 .746 50 1643 2.99 149 75 1.50 329 .200 410 17 24 86 Madden..... 566 .775 Boston.... 19 648 84 4.42 2.79 154 .237 4 95 8 Morris..... 139 Pittsburg.712 54 1911 213 3.94 114 2.11 459 .240 20 240 O'Day..... 17 70 Washington ... 355 .732 46 1545 215 4.67 108 2.34 374 .242 19 252 23 Radbourne.... 123 424 .639 Boston... $\overline{24}$ 791 110 4.58 67 2 79 192 .242 104 Shreve..... 14 44 177 .666 Indianapolis.. 35 1235 210 6.00 134 3.82356 .2:8 173 Sowders 31 94 .560 Boston..... 35 321 1219 155 4.43 69 1.97 283 .232 23 192 16 71 Staley 310 .693 Pittsburg..... 24 774 103 58 4.29 2.41 186 .240 127 52 Sanders.... Philadelphia... 200 .675 31 1097 57 113 3.64 1.84 247 17 194 10 34 262 .805 Titcomb ... New York.... 23 756 4.21 41 1.78 159 .210 157 VanHaltren... 1 9 48 223 .708 Chicago..... 967 160 5.92 3.00 264 .273 181 24 Welch.... 288 .715 New York... 1592 3.32 80 1.70 156 330 .207 16 248 20 Whitney Washington. 113 414 .637 1309 181 4.64 94 2.41 317 .242 250

BATTING AND FIELDING RECORD

Of Clubs, Members of the National League of Professional B. B. Clubs.

SEASON OF 1888.

_		i						BATT	ING.								FI	ELD.	ING.	
Rank.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Games Won.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave. per Game.	Runs Earned.	Ave. per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Bares Stolen.	Ave. per Game.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding		Bares given Opponents on Called Balls.	 Percentage Accepted.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	New York Chicago Philadelphia. Boston Detroit Indianapolis. Pittsburg Washington	137 135 130 137 134 137 136	*77 69 70 68 +66 50	4751 4616 4496 4835 4859 4678 4626 4548	734 535 669 721 531 600	4.81 5.43 4.11 4.88 5.38 3.87 4.41 3.54	272 355 423 308 269	2.44 3.26 2.09 2.59 3.15 2.27 1.97 1.65	1202 1017 1180 1268 1061 1112	.260 .226 .244 .261 .226 .240	1753 1298 1673 1724 1359	11.54 12.98 9.98 12.21 12.86 9.92 10.61 9.06	292 246 292 192 287 851	2.16 1.89 2.13 1.43 2.09 2.58	3549 3469 3652 3579 3581 3545	2305 2189 2288 2172 2048	432 409 429 520 474 403 453 522	200 144 162 128 159 189	289 200 270 181 225 296	.867 .879 .861 .880

^{*1} game forfeited to Philadelphia. †1 game forfeited to New York.

Tie Games.—New York 7, Chicago 1, Philadelphia 1, Boston 3, Detroit 3, Pittsburg 4, Indianapolis 1, Washington 2.

THE VETERANS OF THE LEAGUE.

Those of the players who have taken part in League contests tor not less than ten years are entitled to the honor of belonging to the ranks of the veterans of the League, and they include the following representative players, the majority of whom are now in League Clubs:

NAME.	Number of Season Played.	Number of Games Played.	Times at Bat.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.
Adrian C. Anson	13	1173			
James O'Rourke	13	1133	4832	1519	.314
James L. White	13		4610		
Paul Hines	13	1184	5112	1591	.311
E. B. Sutton	13		4196		
John F. Morrill.	13		4695		
John J. Burdock.	13		3584	911	.254
M. J. Kelly	11		4870		
A. Dalrymple	11		4041		
Joseph Start. E. N. Williamson	11		3366		.295
Geo. F. Gore			4163		
Hardy Richardson	10		3689		
John W. Glasscock	10		3974		
Chas. W. Bennett.	10		3847		
Joseph Hornung.	10 10		2720	761	.279
F. S. Flint	10		3706		.266
Jas. McCormick	10		2759	669	242
D. W. Force.	10	499		464	
	10)	746	28731	598	.201

Of these Sutton, Dalrymple, Burdock and Force are in the service of minor League Clubs, while the retired players include Start and McCormick.

Those who have played for less than ten years and not less than seven include the following second class of veterans, the first class being limited to players who have a credit of a decade of service:

Dennis Brouthers	9	845 3578 1267 .354
Rodger Connor	9	943 3870 1309 338
J. C. Rowe	9	827 3548 1067 .300
Geo. A. Wood	9	854 3677 1024 .278
M. C. Dorgan	9	660 2719 756 .277
Thomas Burns	Q	900 3597 990 975
Edwin Hanlon		
Jno. M. Ward	9	1046 4403 1169 .265
A. A. Irwin	9	796 3136 796 .254
Jno. Farrell	9	729 3048 776 .254
M. Welch	9	491 1817 433 .238

NAME.	Number of Seasons Played.	Number of Games Played.	Times at Bat.	First Base Hite.	Percentage,
B. Gilligan	9		1848 2000		.209 .208
Jos. F. Galvin	8		2708		.208
Wm. Ewing	8		2972		.292
Fred Dunlap	8		2907		278
Thomas York	8		2291		269
Robert Fergueon	8		2209		269
Jas. E. Whitney		525			.266
Jeremiah Denny.			3308		.263
Chas. Radbourn			2092		.247
George Shaffer			2137		.281
Sam W. Wise	7	698	2826		.277
Jno. E. Clapp.	7		1688		.275
W. A. Purcell	7	500	2136		.261
J. P. Cassidy		416	1718	433	.252
J. J. Gerhardt.	7		2182		.224
Geo. E. Weidman	7	338	1273	22?	1 4

Of the above Gillespie, Dorgan, Clapp, York, Ferguson and Cassidy have retired from field service.

One of the most interesting records of the games played in the professional arena during the past eighteen years of the existence, first of the old National Association from 1871 to 1875 inclusive, and then of the National League from 1876 to 1888 inclusive, is that of the contests each year between the rival Boston and Chicago clubs, the former winning the pennant in 1872, '73, '74, '75, '77 and '78, and also in 1883; while Chicago won it in 1876 and in 1880, '81, '82, '85 and '86. As a matter for interesting reference, we give below the full record of victories and defeats scored by the two clubs from 1871 to 1883 inclusive. The Chicago Club did not play in 1872 and 1873, having been burned out in the great fire of '71.

	1871. 1872.		1873.		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		1878.		1879.			
Boston Chicago	22	10		8			W. 52 27									L. 19 30	w. 49 44	20 32
	1880. 1881.			31.	1882. 1883.			1884. 1885.			55.	188	36.	1887. 1888		38.		
	_	L.	w.				w.							L.				
Boston Chicago.		44 17	38 56	45 2S	45 55	39	63 59	35 39	73 62	38 50	87	25	56 90	61 34		60 50		64 58

THE LEAGUE'S PRESIDENT.

The close of the League campaign of 1888 saw the President of the League, Mr. N. E. Young, enter upon a new era in the history of his official duties, first as Secretary, then as President-Secretary, two positions he has so faithfully and efficiently filled since the organization of the League. Mr. Young was prominent in organizing the first professional National Association; and but for him Mr. Chadwick would not have been able to have carried out his project of dividing the baseball fraternity into the two officially recognized classes which he did when he started the first professional Association in 1871. From that year to 1875 inclusive, Mr. Young acted as Secretary of the old National Association, and when it was superseded by the National League in 1876 he was elected Secretary of the new organization, Mr. Bulkely, the present Governor of Connecticut, being the League's first President. Mr. Young was also Secretary under the Presidency of Mr. A. G. Mills, and when that gentleman resigned, the worthy Secretary was elected to the joint offices of President, Secretary and Treasurer of the League, and this position he has most capably filled ever since.

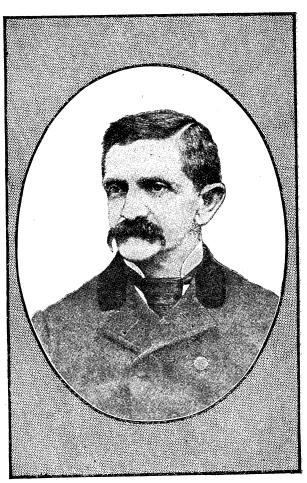
A Washington journalist has this well-merited compliment to say

of the veteran:

"The rugged honesty of the League president is a matter with which those interested in base ball have long been familiar. His residence is in Washington, and he was for years a player and umpire, having all the ups and downs usual to their lot, but he is now in very comfortable circumstances. The duties of his office require a cool-headed man, able to do justice to all without fear or favor. It is singularly trying at times, but though the intense rivalry of the different clubs sometimes causes the managers to lose their heads and charge unfairness against the umpires, not a word has ever been said that would in any way compromise Nick Young. It is an honor and credit to the baseball magnates that they have such a man at the head of the League."

THE JOINT RULES COMMITTEE AND THEIR WORK.

The work accomplished by the Joint Rules Committee of the National League and the American Association at their meeting in New York in November, 1888, ranks with the best on record in the revision of the playing rules of the game, and the successful results achieved in improving the code was largely due to the marked efficiency evinced by the chairman of the Committee, Mr. Chas. H. Byrne, the president of the Brooklyn club, who was indefatigable in doing the large amount of revisory work which



N. E. YOUNG.

was thrown upon the committee. In the face of a very noisy and sensational demand for radical changes in the rules governing the game, the committee, as a whole, manifested a wise conservatism in several respects, which cannot help but be of material assistance in advancing the welfare of the game at large. In the first place, by reducing the powers of the attack nearer to an equality with those of the defence—which result was accomplished when they reduced the number of called balls from five to fourthey not only adopted a rule which will moderate the dangerous speed in delivering the ball to the bat, but they thereby afforded the batsman an additional chance for more effective work at the bat. This latter point, too, has been aided by reducing the number of outs the batsman has hitherto been unfairly subjected to. The rule which puts batsmen out on catches of foul balls, which, since the game originated, has been an unfair rule of play, has seen its best day; and this year the entering wedge to its ultimate disappearauce has been driven in, with the practical result of the repeal of the foul tip catch. This improvement, too, is in the line of aiding the batting side, as it gets rid of one of the numerous ways of putting the batsman out.

The argument brought to bear in favor of the elimination of outs from foul balls from the code was in the main as follows:

When the batsman hits a fair ball, while at the same time that he gives the fielders a chance to put him out, he himself is also given an equal chance of making a base or of scoring a run; but when he hits a foul ball, while he affords the fielders an opportunity to catch him out, no such compensating advantage is given him in the way of earning a base or a run as in the case of a fair hit ball; and it is in this that the working of the foul ball rule becomes so palpably unjust. It is sufficient punishment for hitting a foul ball that he, as batsman, be deprived of making a base, without adding the unjust penalty of an out. This one sided condition of things, too, is increased when a double play is made on the catch of a foul ball, for not only is the batsman unfairly punished, but also the base runner who may have made the base by a clean hit.

It is this latter unfair rule which the committee repealed in getting rid of the foul fly tip; and now a batsman who has earned his base by a safe hit and who runs to the next base on a foul fly tip ball caught by the catcher, can no longer be put out on the double play, as he is now allowed to return to the base he left on the hit can be the first of the hit can be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be the same of the little who had to be
the hit, as in the case of a foul ball not caught.

Another step in advance was made by the committee when they officially recognized a sacrifice hit as a factor in team work at the bat. Hitherto far too great stress has been laid upon the alleged skill of the batsman in making extra hits—two and three baggers and home runs—at the cost of giving due credit to the batting

which forwards base runners and sends in runs. The work of the slugging batsman who, nearly every time he goes to the bat when no one is on the bases, makes an extra hit, does not compare with that of the team worker who either by a single base hit or a sacrifice hit forwards a runner round the bases, or sends a run in. Here is where the batting averages prove to be complete failures so far as affording a criterion of a batsman's value in team work is concerned; which work, by the way, is neither more nor less than that of forwarding base runners or sending runs in by batting—for one batsman may make four extra base hits in a game without forwarding a runner or sending in a run in a single instance, while another batsman may make but one safe hit and three sacrifice hits, and yet either forward as many runners or send in as many runs.

Probably the best piece of work done by the committee was the amendment they made to the rules governing the umpire, wherein, in defining the powers of an umpire to impose a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for abusive, threatening or improper language to the umpire, an amendment was made as follows:

"A repetition of the offence shall subject such player to a removal from the game, and the immediate substitution of another

player then in uniform."

Lastly, the rule admitting of an extra substitute being allowed to play in the game, at the option of the captain of either of the contesting teams, though an experiment, gives promise of being a desirable amendment. The classifying of the code of rules so as to facilitate the finding of any special rule during the hurry of a contest in progress, was also a desirable improvement. Take it altogether, the present committee did excellent work at their Fall meeting of 1888.

OVERRUNNING THE BASES.

Twenty odd years ago George Wright suggested to the Chairman of the old National Association's Committee of Rules that it would be a good plan to allow base runners to overrun first base, giving them the privilege to return and touch the base again without being put out, before attempting to make another base. The suggestion was adopted, and the rule went into effect in 1870, and it has been in operation ever since. When the amendment was presented at the convention of 1869, a delegate wanted the rule applied to all bases, but the majority preferred to test the experiment as proposed at first base. The rule of extending the overrunning to all the bases was advocated at the last meeting in 1888 of the Joint Committee of Rules, but it was not adopted. The rule is worthy of consideration, in view of the constant sprains and injuries of one kind and another arising from sliding to bases. There has not been a single instance of an injury occurring from

the working of the rule of overrunning first base since the rule was adopted, while serious injuries are of daily occurrence in match games, arising from collisions at other bases than first, and these are due entirely to the absence of the overrunning rule. The most irritating disputes caused by questions involved in sliding to bases and in running up against base players, are also due to the same cause. Why not put a stop to these injuries and these disputes by giving the base runner the same privileges in overrunning second, third and home bases that he now has in overrunning first base? In every way will the adoption of the rule suggested be an improvement, and not the least of its advantages will be its gain to base running, which is, next to fielding, the most attractive feature of our game.

THE PATRONS OF BALL GROUNDS.

There are two classes of the patrons of professional baseball grounds which club Presidents and Directors have their choice in catering to for each season, and these are, first, the reputable class. who prefer to see the game played scientifically and by gentlemanly exemplars of the beauties of the game; and second, the hoodlum element, who revel in noisy coaching, "dirty ball playing," kicking against the umpires, and exciting disputes and rows in every inning. The Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston Clubs in the League have laid out nearly \$200,000 within the past two years in constructing their grounds for the express purpose of eliciting the very best patronage of their respective cities. The Brooklyn Club have excelled in this respect in the American Association by constructing their grounds for a similar class of patrons. But all of the clubs have not followed this example, the majority committing the blunder of considering only the tastes and requirements of the hoodlum class apparently in catering for patronage. This is a great financial mistake. Experience has shown conclusively that it pays best to cater solely for the best class of patronage. The work in doing this is so much more satisfactory for one thing, and it is sure to be the most remunerative. If there is any sport which yields a fair equivalent in the special attractions it presents for an admission fee of half a dollar, it is such ball playing as was exhibited during the past season on the grounds of the leading clubs of the National League. A feature of the attendance at the League games of 1888 was the presence of the fair sex in such goodly numbers. Where the ladies congregate as spectators of sports a refining influence is brought to bear which is valuable to the welfare of the game. Besides which, the patronage of ladies improves the character of the assemblages and helps to preserve the order without which first-class patronage cannot be obtained.